



REFERENCE GUIDE

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Poly VideoOS Configuration Parameters (G7500, Studio X50, and Studio X30)

Getting Help

For more information about installing, configuring, and administering Poly/Polycom products or services, go to Polycom Support.

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Contents

Before You Begin	3
Audience, Purpose, and Required Skills.....	3
Related Poly and Partner Resources.....	3
Getting Started	4
Audio	6
Calendaring	11
Using Provisioning Service Credentials to Register with a Calendaring Service.....	11
Microsoft Exchange Server Parameters.....	11
Call Controls	14
Configuring Dialing Preferences.....	14
Call Control Parameters.....	14
Content	20
Directories	22
Using Provisioning Service Credentials to Register with an LDAP Directory.....	22
Directory Parameters.....	22
Event Management	25
Feature Activation	34
Network	35
Provisioning Basic Wired LAN Properties.....	35
Provisioning Basic Wi-Fi Properties.....	35
Network Parameters.....	36
Using Provisioning Service Credentials to Register with SIP.....	47
Quality of Service Parameters.....	47
VoIP Parameters.....	52

Peripheral Devices.....	58
Provisioning.....	61
Security.....	62
Provisioning Updated PKI Certificates and CRLs.....	62
Security Parameters.....	62
Serial Port Hardware.....	83
Software Update.....	85
System Display.....	87
System Usage Data.....	102
Video and Camera.....	103
Provisioning Camera Parameters.....	103
Configure Common and Per-Camera Parameters.....	104
Video and Camera Parameters.....	104

Before You Begin

Topics:

- [Audience, Purpose, and Required Skills](#)
- [Related Poly and Partner Resources](#)

This guide lists the available configuration parameters for provisioning your system.

The information in this guide applies to all the following Poly video systems except where noted:

- Poly G7500
- Poly Studio X50
- Poly Studio X30

Audience, Purpose, and Required Skills

This guide is written for a technical audience.

You must be familiar with the following concepts before beginning:

- Current telecommunications practices, protocols, and principles
- Telecommunication basics, video teleconferencing, and voice or data equipment
- Open SIP networks and VoIP endpoint environments

Related Poly and Partner Resources

See the following sites for information related to this product.

- The [Poly Online Support Center](#) is the entry point to online product, service, and solution support information including Video Tutorials, Documents & Software, Knowledge Base, Community Discussions, Poly University, and additional services.
- The [Polycom Document Library](#) provides support documentation for active products, services, and solutions. The documentation displays in responsive HTML5 format so that you can easily access and view installation, configuration, or administration content from any online device.
- The [Polycom Community](#) provides access to the latest developer and support information. Create an account to access Poly support personnel and participate in developer and support forums. You can find the latest information on hardware, software, and partner solutions topics, share ideas, and solve problems with your colleagues.
- The [Polycom Partner Network](#) are industry leaders who natively integrate the Poly standards-based RealPresence Platform with their customers' current UC infrastructures, making it easy for you to communicate face-to-face with the applications and devices you use every day.
- The [Polycom Collaboration Services](#) help your business succeed and get the most out of your investment through the benefits of collaboration.

Getting Started

Topics:

- [Understanding Parameter Lists](#)
- [Automatic Provisioning with RealPresence Resource Manager](#)

You can use the configuration parameters described in this guide to provision single or multiple systems. Use the navigation on the left to find parameters grouped by functional area.

Unless otherwise noted in the description, you can provision a parameter on systems in Poly Video Mode or Poly Partner Mode.

Understanding Parameter Lists

The following describes a general convention for details you can find in parameter lists. Parameter details can vary depending on the complexity of the parameter.

parameter.name

A parameter's description, applicability, or dependencies, as needed.

The parameter's permitted values, default value, and the value's unit of measure (such as seconds, Hz, or dB).

A Note: that highlights critical information you need to know.

Automatic Provisioning with RealPresence Resource Manager

By default, the RealPresence Resource Manager system automatically provisions some system settings for you using a special configuration value (for example, `voIpProt.SIP.userName="{sip_alias}"`).

The following parameters support automatic configuration values:

```
device.local.deviceName="{device_name}"
dir.ldap.server.address="{ldap_serveraddress}"
dir.ldap.baseDN="{ldap_baseDN}"
dir.ldap.defaultGroupDN="{ldap_defaultgroupDN}"
voIpProt.H323.name="{h323_ID}"
voIpProt.H323.e164="{h323_e164}"
voIpProt.SIP.userName="{sip_alias}"
```

These parameters are provisioned by default, so you won't see them in the profiles provided by the RealPresence Resource Manager system. You can overwrite these parameters with your own values (for example, `voIpProt.SIP.userName="meetingSpace"`).

You also can automatically generate new values by resetting these parameters with a special configuration value (for example, `voIpProt.H323.e164=${h323_e164}`). However, you can't rename existing endpoints by setting `device.local.deviceName=${device_name}` because that value is applied only to new endpoints.

For more information, see the [RealPresence Resource Manager documentation System Operations Guide](#) and see the Provisioning, Monitoring, and Upgrading UC Managed Video Endpoints section.

Audio

Topics:

- [Audio Parameters](#)

This section describes available audio configuration parameters. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

Audio Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure audio settings on your system.

voice.acousticFence.enable

Specifies if you want to enable Polycom Acoustic Fence technology.

This setting is disabled if you set `voice.stereo.enable="True"`.

False (default)

True

voice.acousticFence.radius

Specifies the width of the Polycom Acoustic Fence beam.

0-10 (default is 5) - Higher values increase the width of the audio fence beam between the primary and fence microphone(s). Use 0 for the narrowest beam (+/- 10 degrees) or 10 for the widest beam (+/- 60 degrees).

- **For Studio X50 and Studio X30 systems:** Higher values increase the width of the audio fence beam. Use 0 for the narrowest beam (+/- 12 degrees) or 10 for the widest beam (+/- 60 degrees).
- **For G7500 systems:** Higher values increase the width of the audio fence beam between the primary and fence microphone(s). Use 0 for the narrowest beam (+/- 10 degrees) or 10 for the widest beam (+/- 60 degrees).

voice.alertTone

Specifies the audible tone for user alerts.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Tone_1 (default)

voice.in.hdmi.level

Sets levels for the left and right channels of the HDMI audio input.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

0-10 (default is 5)

voice.in.3p5.level

(G7500 only) Sets levels for the left and right channels of the 3.5 mm stereo audio input.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

0-10 (default is 5)

voice.in.3p5.playbackOption

(G7500 only) Specifies how audio from the 3.5 mm stereo audio input is routed and controlled.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Playback to All Locations (default) - Set this value if you're sending audio from a device.

- Near and far sites hear the 3.5 mm stereo input.
- You can't mute audio or control echo cancellation.

Playback to Far Sites - Set this value if you're using an external digital signal processor (DSP), such as Polycom SoundStructure, which provides mute controls and echo cancellation.

- Only far sites hear the 3.5 mm stereo input (there is no associated video content).
- You can't mute audio or control echo cancellation through the system.

Playback to Far Sites, Mute Controlled - Set this value if you want to perform activities like sharing music from a mobile phone to call participants.

- Only far sites hear the 3.5 mm stereo input (there is no associated video content).
- You can mute audio but can't control echo cancellation.

Playback to Far Sites, Mute Controlled, Echo Cancelled - Set this value if you're using a line-level microphone. (Note: The microphone must provide the line-level signal to work.)

- Only far sites hear the 3.5 mm stereo input (there is no associated video content).
- You can mute audio and control echo cancellation.
- Mic-level inputs aren't supported.

voice.liveMusicMode.enable

Specifies whether the system uses M-Mode, which transmits audio using a configuration that best reproduces interactive and live performance music picked up by microphones. This feature provides the highest-possible bandwidth for audio.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

When M-Mode is enabled, even the faintest musical notes come through clearly.

False (default)

True

Note: Noise reduction features are disabled when M-Mode is enabled.

voice.muteReminder.enable

Specifies if a notification displays indicating microphones are muted when speaking is detected.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

voice.noiseSuppression.enable

Enables Poly NoiseBlockAI, which during calls eliminates background and extraneous sounds in common working environments when no one is talking.

When you enable M-Mode (`voice.liveMusicMode.enable="True"`), this feature is disabled. If an external echo canceller is used, keyboard noise reduction is not available.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False

True (default)

voice.out.line.mode

Specifies how the volume for a device connected to the line out port is configured:

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

variable (default) - Allows users to change the volume.

fixed - Sets the volume to the audio level configured for the system.

voice.ringTone

Specifies the ringtone for incoming calls.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Tone_1 (default)

Tone_2

Tone_3

Tone_4

Tone_5

Tone_6

Tone_7

Tone_8

Tone_9

Tone_10

voice.stereo.enable

Enables Polycom StereoSurround software for all calls.

This setting is disabled if you set `voice.acousticFence.enable="True"`.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

This feature isn't available when using a Poly Microphone IP Adapter.

False (default)

True

voice.toneControl.bass

Sets the volume level for the low frequencies without changing the master audio volume.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

+6

+4

+2

0 (default)

-2

-4

-6

voice.toneControl.treble

Sets the volume level for the high frequencies without changing the master audio volume.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

+6

+4

+2

0 (default)

-2

-4

-6

voice.volume.soundEffects

Sets the volume level of the ringtone.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

0-10 (default is 3)

voice.volume.speaker

Sets the main audio output volume level going to the speakers.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Even numbers from 0-100 (default is 50)

voice.volume.transmitLevel

Specifies the audio level, in decibels, at which to transmit sound. Unless otherwise advised, you should set this value to 0 dB.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

-6-18 (default is 0)

voice.muteInSleep

If set to "True", microphones are muted when the system goes to sleep.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

Calendaring

Topics:

- [Using Provisioning Service Credentials to Register with a Calendaring Service](#)
- [Microsoft Exchange Server Parameters](#)

You can integrate with Microsoft Exchange Server so your system can display calendar details linked to an Outlook or Office 365 account.

This section describes available Microsoft Exchange Server configuration parameters. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

Using Provisioning Service Credentials to Register with a Calendaring Service

You can register your system with a calendaring service using the same credentials you used to register with your provisioning service.

To do this, set `exchange.auth.useLoginCredentials="True"`.

With this parameter, provisioning separate username, password, and domain parameters for the calendaring service isn't necessary. For example, if you set `exchange.auth.useLoginCredentials="True"`, you don't have to set `exchange.auth.userName`, `exchange.auth.password`, and `exchange.auth.domain`.

Microsoft Exchange Server Parameters

Use the following parameters to integrate your system with Microsoft Exchange Server.

`exchange.auth.domain`

Specifies the domain for registering to the Microsoft Exchange Server in NETBIOS or DNS notation (e.g., `company.local` or `COMPANY`).

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

`exchange.auth.email`

Specifies the email address used when scheduling the system for a meeting (for instance, you could use your system as a mechanism for reserving a meeting space). This should match the Primary SMTP Address for the account on Microsoft Exchange Server, which displays as the value of the mail attribute in the account properties.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

exchange.auth.password

Specifies the system password for registering with the Microsoft Exchange Server. This can be the system password or an individual's password.

If you want the calendaring service to use the calendar associated with an Office 365 account, enter the password for that account here.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

exchange.auth.userName

Specifies the user name for registering to the Microsoft Exchange Server with no domain information included. This can be the system name or an individual's name (e.g., username@company.com).

If you want the calendaring service to use the calendar associated with an Office 365 account, enter the user name for that account here.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-64)

exchange.enable

Enables or disables the ability to register with a calendaring service.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

exchange.meeting.reminderInterval

Specifies the number of minutes before the meeting that a reminder displays on the system.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

5 (default)

None

1

10

15

30

exchange.meeting.reminderSound.enable

Specifies whether to play a sound along with the text reminder (when the system is not in a call).

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

exchange.server.url

Specifies the Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) of the Microsoft Exchange Client Access server. If your organization has multiple servers behind a network load balancer, this is the FQDN of the server's virtual IP address. If required, an IP address can be used instead of an FQDN, but Poly recommends using the same FQDN for Outlook clients.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

exchange.showPrivateMeeting

Specifies whether to display details about meetings marked private.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

exchange.auth.useLoginCredentials

Specifies if you want to register with a calendaring service using the same credentials you used for registering with a provisioning service.

With this parameter, provisioning separate username, password, and domain parameters for the calendaring service isn't necessary.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

Call Controls

Topics:

- [Configuring Dialing Preferences](#)
- [Call Control Parameters](#)

This section describes available call control configuration parameters. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

Configuring Dialing Preferences

Remember the following when provisioning dialing preferences for your system:

- To successfully provision a dialing preference, the corresponding call protocol (SIP or H.323) must be enabled. For example, you must configure `voIpProt.H323.enable="True"` to set `call.videoDialPreference.1="h323"`.
- To configure a secondary dialing preference, you must set `voIpProt.H323.enable` and `voIpProt.SIP.enable` to "True".
- If you enable SIP and H.323, you must configure primary and secondary dialing preferences.
- You can't configure your primary and secondary dialing preferences with the same value. For example, `call.videoDialPreference.1` and `call.videoDialPreference.2` cannot both be set to "sip".
- You can't configure `call.voiceDialPreference.1` or `call.voiceDialPreference.2` if `call.audioOnly.enable="False"`.

Call Control Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure call settings on your system.

`call.autoAnswer.micMute`

Specifies whether to mute incoming calls.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

`call.conference.joinLeaveTone.enable`

Plays an audible tone when someone joins or leaves a conference call.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

call.autoAnswer.answerP2PCall

Sets whether the system answers an incoming call when not in a call.

If set to "Do_Not_Disturb", incoming calls are rejected without notification.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

No (default)

Yes

Do_Not_Disturb

call.displayIconsInCall

Specifies whether to display onscreen graphics, including icons and help text, during calls.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

call.maxTimeInCall

Sets the maximum number of hours allowed for a call.

When that time expires, you're prompted if you want to hang up. If you don't answer within one minute, the call automatically ends. If you choose to stay in the call, you aren't prompted again.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

8_hours (default)

1_hour

2_hours

3_hours

4_hours

5_hours

6_hours

7_hours

9_hours

10_hours

11_hours

12_hours

24_hours

48_hours

call.preferredPlaceACallNav

Specifies the default options that display on the local interface place a call screen.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

keypad (default) - Displays recently-dialed numbers and a dialpad.

globaldir - Displays a screen for searching a directory. The multitiered directory (LDAP) root entry displays at the top of the Contacts list, which combines your search results and favorites.

recentcalls - Lists previous calls in chronological order.

call.audioOnly.enable

Lets you place audio-only calls on the system.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

call.h239.enable

Allows the use of a standards-based specification for parallel video streams (i.e., people and content). Enable if you know call participants support H.239.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

call.preferredSpeed.maxIncoming

Calls are received at no higher than the speed set here.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

128

256

384

512

768

1024

1472

1920

2048

3072

3840

4096

6144 (default)

call.preferredSpeed.outgoing

Determines the IP call speed your system uses when the call is placed from the directory.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

128

256

384
512
768
1024 (default)
1472
1920
2048
3072
3840
4096
6144

Note: If the far-site system does not support the selected speed, a lower speed is automatically negotiated.

call.videoDialPreference.1

Specifies your first preference for how the system places video calls to directory entries with more than one type of number.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

sip (default)
h323

call.videoDialPreference.2

Specifies your second preference for how the system places video calls to directory entries with more than one type of number.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

h323 (default)
sip

call.voiceDialPreference.1

Specifies your first preference for how the system places audio calls to directory entries with more than one type of number.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

sip (default)
h323

call.voiceDialPreference.2

Specifies your second preference for how the system places audio calls to directory entries with more than one type of number.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

h323 (default)

sip

call.encryption.requireAES

Specifies how you want to use AES encryption for calls.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

When_Available (default) - AES encryption is used with systems that support it, but unencrypted calls also are allowed.

Required_Video - AES encryption is used in all video calls. Calls with systems that don't support fail.

Required_All - AES encryption is used in all types of calls. Calls with systems that don't support fail.

Off - AES encryption is disabled.

call.cdr.enable

Call detail records (CDRs) are included in the system logs. When disabled, the system does not write call information.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

call.recentCalls.enable

Specifies whether to show recent calls on the local and system web interfaces.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

call.recentcalls.maxNumberToDisplay

The maximum number of calls displayed in the recent calls list.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

100 (default)

25

50

75

call.escalate2MCU.enable

If set to "True", a point-to-point call on your system can escalate to an impromptu conference call on an external Polycom MCU.

Calls converted through a RealPresence DMA system gateway (H.323 to SIP or vice versa) won't join an impromptu conference call.

To use this feature, make sure you set the relevant volpProt.SIP.* parameters to register your system with a Polycom RealPresence Distributed Media Application (DMA) system. You also must set call..escalate2MCU.conferenceId.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

call.escalate2MCU.conferenceId

Specifies the conference factory ID associated with the SIP conference factory on your RealPresence DMA system.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Integer (0-128)

Note: The conference factory ID should come from the same RealPresence DMA system your video-conferencing system uses for SIP registration. Calls won't escalate if the ID you provide isn't recognized by your RealPresence DMA system.

Content

Topics:

- [Content Parameters](#)

This section describes available cloud configuration parameters. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

Content Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure content sharing settings on your system.

bluetooth.enable

Turns system Bluetooth features on or off.

Disabling Bluetooth turns off screen mirroring with AirPlay-certified devices and prevents those devices and the Polycom Content App from automatically discovering your system. (You can still connect with the Polycom Content App using the system IP address.)

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

content.airplay.enable

Enables or disables screen mirroring with AirPlay-certified devices.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

content.conference.qualityPreference

Specifies which video stream has precedence when attempting to compensate for network loss.

The selected stream experiences less quality degradation during network loss compensation than the other. Choosing Both streams means that each experiences roughly equal degradation.

You don't need to set this parameter if `content.conference.autoAdjustBandwidth="True"`.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Both

People

Content

content.miracast.enable

Enables or disables screen mirroring with Miracast-certified devices.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

content.miracast.operatingchannel

Sets the operating channel used for connections between the system and Miracast-certified devices. Available channels are within 2.4 and 5 GHz signal ranges.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

You can also let the system choose an operating channel for you by only configuring the `device.local.country` parameter. If you don't set `content.miracast.operatingchannel` or `device.local.country`, the system selects a random operating channel in the 2.4 GHz signal range.

Available 2.4 GHz channels: 1-11

Available 5 GHz channels: 36, 40, 44, and 48

Remember the following when selecting an operating channel:

- To avoid content quality issues (such as latency or packet loss), select the same operating channel configured on your wireless access point (WAP).
- If your WAP simultaneously broadcasts 2.4 and 5 GHz channels, select a 5 GHz channel since many devices choose the faster connection if the signals have similar strength.
- You can't change the operating channel during an ongoing content mirroring session.

The listening channel, which is used by the system to advertise it can connect with nearby Miracast-certified devices, is selected automatically in the 2.4 GHz signal range. You can't configure the listening channel.

device.net.contentSave.enable

Allows or denies users the ability to save content using the Polycom Content App when connected to the system through your primary network (i.e., LAN).

True (default)

False

device.net.secondaryNetwork.contentSave.enable

Allows or denies users the ability to save content using the Polycom Content App when connected to the system through your Wi-Fi network.

False (default)

True

Directories

Topics:

- [Using Provisioning Service Credentials to Register with an LDAP Directory](#)
- [Directory Parameters](#)

This section describes available directory configuration parameters. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

Using Provisioning Service Credentials to Register with an LDAP Directory

You can register your system with an LDAP directory using the same credentials you used to register with your provisioning service.

To do this, set `dir.ldap.auth.useLoginCredentials="True"`.

With this parameter, provisioning separate username, password, and domain parameters for the directory service isn't necessary. For example, if you set `dir.ldap.auth.useLoginCredentials="True"`, you don't have to set `dir.ldap.auth.userId`, `dir.ldap.auth.password`, and `dir.ldap.auth.domain`.

Directory Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure directory settings on your system.

`dir.gds.auth.password`

The Polycom GDS password, if one exists.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

`dir.gds.server.address`

Specifies the IP or DNS address of the Polycom GDS.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

`dir.ldap.auth.domain`

Specifies the domain name for registering with the LDAP server.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-128)

dir.ldap.auth.password

Specifies the password for registering with the LDAP server.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-64)

dir.ldap.auth.userId

Specifies the username for registering with LDAP server.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-64)

dir.ldap.authType

Specifies the protocol for authenticating with the LDAP server.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

ntlm (default)

anonymous

basic

dir.ldap.baseDN

Specifies the top level of the LDAP directory where searches begin.

To avoid LDAP registration issues, make sure the base DN is at least one level deeper than your domain. For example, set "ou=users,dc=example,dc=com" instead of "dc=example,dc=com".

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-128)

`${ldap_baseDN}` - RealPresence Resource Manager accepts this value to automatically configure the parameter.

dir.ldap.bindDN

Specifies the bind DN when using basic authentication (i.e., `dir.ldap.authType="basic"`).

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-128)

dir.ldap.defaultGroupDN

Specifies the top-level group of the LDAP directory required to access its hierarchical structure.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-128)

`${ldap_defaultgroupDN}` - RealPresence Resource Manager accepts this value to automatically configure the parameter.

dir.ldap.server.address

Specifies the address of the LDAP directory server.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-255)

`#{ldap_serveraddress}` - RealPresence Resource Manager accepts this value to automatically configure the parameter.

dir.ldap.server.port

Specifies the port for connecting with the LDAP server.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Integer

389(default)

dir.ldap.useSSL

Encrypts data to and from the LDAP server when enabled.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

dir.serverType

Specifies the type of directory service you want to register with. (Your system's local directory is always enabled.)

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Off (default) - Use only the system's local directory.

LDAP - Register with an LDAP directory.

Polycom GDS - Register with the Polycom Global Directory Server (GDS).

dir.ldap.auth.useLoginCredentials

Specifies if you want to register with an LDAP directory using the same credentials you used for registering with a provisioning service.

With this parameter, provisioning separate username, password, and domain parameters for the directory service isn't necessary.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

Event Management

Topics:

- [Logging Parameters](#)
- [SNMP Parameters](#)

This section describes available logging and SMP configuration parameters. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

Logging Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure logging settings for your system.

device.syslog.autoTransfer.customFolderName

Lets you specify a folder name for manual log transfers.

Set if you configured device.syslog.autoTransfer.folderNameOption="Custom".

String (0-64)

Log_archive (default)

device.syslog.autoTransfer.folderNameOption

Specifies the folder name for log transfers.

SystemNameAndTimestamp (default) - Folder name is the system name and the timestamp of the log transfer. For example, if the system name is Marketing, the folder name might be marketing_<date_and_time>.

Timestamp - Folder name is the timestamp of the log transfer (e.g., <yyyyMMddhhmmssSSS>).

Custom - Lets you specify a folder name for manual log transfers. Set device.syslog.autoTransfer.customFolderName.

device.syslog.autoTransfer.frequency

Specifies when logs are transferred.

Manual (default) - The transfer starts when you select the Start Log Transfer button, which is visible only on the local interface. If the log fills before being transferred, new events overwrite the oldest events.

AutoAtThreshold - The transfer starts automatically when the limit set for device.syslog.autoTransfer.threshold is reached.

device.syslog.autoTransfer.threshold

Reaching the log storage threshold percentage you configure here creates a log entry and automatically transfers logs to an external storage device if device.syslog.autoTransfer.frequency="AutoAtThreshold".

Off (default)

90
80
70
60
50
40
30
20
10

device.syslog.enable

Specifies whether remote logging is enabled. Enabling this causes the system to send each log message to the specified server in addition to logging it locally.

Remote logging encryption is supported using TLS. If you're using UDP or TCP transport, Poly recommends remote logging only on secure, local networks.

False (default)

True

device.syslog.level

Sets the minimum log level of messages stored in the system's flash memory. The level is the same for local and remote logging.

"Debug" logs all messages, while "Critical" logs the fewest number of messages.

It's recommended you use the default value.

Debug

Info

Warning

Error

Critical (default)

device.syslog.serverName

Specifies the server address and port. If the port isn't specified, a default destination port is used. The default port is determined by how device.syslog.transport is configured:

UDP: 514

TCP: 601

TLS: 6514

The address and port can be specified in the following formats:

IPv4 address: 192.0.2.0:<port>, where <port> is the elective destination port number in the 1-65535 range.

FQDN: logserverhost.company.com:<port>, where <por> is the elective destination port number in the 1-65535 range.

String

device.syslog.transport

Specifies the transport protocol for sending logs to a remote server.

UDP (default)

TCP

TLS

log.feature.h323Trace.enable

If set to "True", your system logs additional H.323 connectivity information.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

log.feature.sipTrace.enable

If set to "True", your system logs additional SIP connectivity information.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

SNMP Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure SNMP settings on your system.

snmp.enable

Allows administrators to monitor the system remotely using SNMP.

You must set this parameter to "True" to configure the other SNMP parameters.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

snmp.notification.enabled

Enables MIB notifications.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

snmp.version1.enable

Enables your system to use the SNMPv1 protocol.

Due to security issues, enabling this setting isn't recommended.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

snmp.version2.enable

Enables your system to use the SNMPv2c protocol.

Due to security issues, enabling this setting isn't recommended.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

snmp.version3.enable

Enables your system to use the SNMPv3 protocol.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

snmp.community

Specifies the SNMP community string for your system.

Poly does not support SNMP write operations for configuring or provisioning systems. The community string is for read operations and outgoing SNMP traps.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-256)

public (default)

Note: For security reasons, do not use the default community string.

snmp.contactName

Specifies the name of the person responsible for remotely managing the system.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-64)

IT Administrator (default)

snmp.locationName

Specifies the system location.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-256)

snmp.systemDesc

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Provides details about what kind of system it is.

String (0-256)

Videoconferencing Device (default)

snmp.auth.userId

Specifies the User Security Model (USM) account name for SNMPv3 message transactions.

You must set snmp.version3.enable="True" to configure this parameter.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-64)

snmp.auth.algorithm

Specifies the type of SNMPv3 authentication algorithm used.

You must set snmp.version3.enable="True" to configure this parameter.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

SHA (default)

MD5

snmp.auth.password

Specifies the SNMPv3 authentication password.

You must set snmp.version3.enable="True" to configure this parameter.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-48)

snmp.privacyAlgorithm

Specifies the cryptographic privacy algorithm for SNMPv3 packets.

You must set snmp.version3.enable="True" to configure this parameter.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

CFB-AES128 (default)

CBC-DES

snmp.privacyPassword

Specifies the SNMPv3 privacy (encryption) password.

You must set snmp.version3.enable="True" to configure this parameter.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-48)

snmp.engineID

Specifies the unique ID of the SNMPv3 engine. This might be needed for matching the configuration of an SNMP console application. The ID is automatically generated, but you can create your own as long as it is between 10 and 32 hexadecimal digits.

Each group of two hex digits can be separated by a colon character (:) to form a full 8-bit value. A single hex digit delimited on each side with a colon is equivalent to the same hex digit with a leading zero (therefore, :F: is equivalent to :0f:).

You must set `snmp.version3.enable="True"` to configure this parameter.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

Must be between 10-32 hexadecimal digits.

Cannot be all zeros or Fs.

snmp.listeningPort

Specifies the port SNMP uses to listen for system messages.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

161 (default)

Integer (1-65535)

snmp.transport

Specifies the transport protocol used.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

UDP (default)

TCP

snmp.trapTarget.1.enable

Enable to send SNMP traps to an SNMP manager. You can send traps to up to three managers.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

snmp.trapTarget.1.address

Specifies the IP address of an SNMP manager where SNMP traps are sent.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-255)

snmp.trapTarget.1.messageType

Specifies the type of SNMP message.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Trap (default)

Inform

snmp.trapTarget.1.protocolVersion

Specifies the SNMP version used by the SNMP manager.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

v3 (default)

v2c

v1

snmp.trapTarget.1.port

Specifies the port where SNMP traps are sent.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

162 (default)

String (1-65535)

snmp.trapTarget.2.enable

Enable to send SNMP traps to an SNMP manager. You can send traps to up to three managers.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

snmp.trapTarget.2.address

Specifies the IP address of an SNMP manager where SNMP traps are sent.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-255)

snmp.trapTarget.2.messageType

Specifies the type of SNMP message.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Trap (default)

Inform

snmp.trapTarget.2.protocolVersion

Specifies the SNMP version used by the SNMP manager.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

v3 (default)

v2c

v1

snmp.trapTarget.2.port

Specifies the port where SNMP traps are sent.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (1-65535)

162 (default)

snmp.trapTarget.3.enable

Enable to send SNMP traps to an SNMP manager. You can send traps to up to three managers.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

snmp.trapTarget.3.address

Specifies the IP address of an SNMP manager where SNMP traps are sent.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-255)

snmp.trapTarget.3.messageType

Specifies the type of SNMP message.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Trap (default)

Inform

snmp.trapTarget.3.protocolVersion

Specifies the SNMP version used by the SNMP manager.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

v3 (default)

v2c

v1

snmp.trapTarget.3.port

Specifies the port where SNMP traps are sent.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

162 (default)

String (1-65535)

Feature Activation

Topics:

- [Feature Activation Parameters](#)

This section describes available feature activation configuration parameters. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

Feature Activation Parameters

Use the following parameters to unlock certain features or the ability to update software on your system.

For more information about feature activation and software update keys, see your system [Administrator Guide](#).

license.optionKey

Set this parameter with your system feature activation key.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

license.softupdateKey

Set this parameter with your system software activation key.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

Network

Topics:

- [Provisioning Basic Wired LAN Properties](#)
- [Provisioning Basic Wi-Fi Properties](#)
- [Network Parameters](#)
- [Using Provisioning Service Credentials to Register with SIP](#)
- [Quality of Service Parameters](#)
- [VoIP Parameters](#)

This section describes available network configuration parameters. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

Provisioning Basic Wired LAN Properties

You can provision your system to automatically obtain some wired LAN properties—including IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, and DNS server(s)—by setting `device.net.mode="Automatically"`.

These LAN properties can also be provisioned individually by setting `device.net.mode="Manually"`. In this situation, you must set all of the following additional parameters or no LAN properties will provision successfully:

- `device.net.ipAddress`
- `device.net.subnetMask`
- `device.net.ipGateway`

Note: Setting `device.net.dns.server.*` parameters is optional when `device.net.mode="Manually"`.

When your system obtains these LAN properties automatically, you can't then overwrite individual properties by setting `device.net.ipAddress="192.0.2.255"`, for example.

When provisioning a new IP address for your system, active sessions through the system web interface don't automatically refresh. You must enter the new IP address in your browser to re-establish access.

Provisioning Basic Wi-Fi Properties

You can provision your system to automatically obtain some Wi-Fi properties—including IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, and DNS server(s)—by setting `device.net.secondaryNetwork.mode="Automatically"`.

These Wi-Fi properties can also be provisioned individually by setting `device.net.secondaryNetwork.mode="Manually"`. In this situation, you must set all of the following additional parameters or no Wi-Fi properties will provision successfully:

- `device.net.secondaryNetwork.ipAddress`
- `device.net.secondaryNetwork.subnetMask`
- `device.net.secondaryNetwork.ipGateway`

Note: Setting `device.net.secondaryNetwork.dns.server.*` parameters is optional when `device.net.secondaryNetwork.mode="Manually"`.

When your system obtains these Wi-Fi properties automatically, you can't then overwrite individual properties by setting `device.net.secondaryNetwork.ipAddress="192.0.2.255"`, for example.

When provisioning a new IP address for your system, active sessions through the system web interface don't automatically refresh. You must enter the new IP address in your browser to re-establish access.

Remember, to successfully provision any Wi-Fi setting, you must set `device.net.secondaryNetwork.type="WiFi"`.

Network Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure some network settings for your system.

`device.net.dns.server.1`

If the system does not automatically obtain a DNS server address on the wired LAN, enter one here.

String

`device.net.dns.server.2`

(Optional) If the system does not automatically obtain a DNS server address on the wired LAN, enter one here.

String

`device.net.dns.server.3`

(Optional) If the system does not automatically obtain a DNS server address on the wired LAN, enter one here.

String

`device.net.dns.server.4`

(Optional) If the system does not automatically obtain a DNS server address on the wired LAN, enter one here.

String

`device.net.ipAddress`

Specifies the system IPv4 address on the wired LAN.

You don't need to set this if `device.net.mode="Automatically"`.

String

0.0.0.0

device.net.ipGateway

Specifies the IP gateway on the wired LAN.

You don't need to set this if device.net.mode="Automatically".

String

0.0.0.0

device.net.mode

Specifies how you want to configure your system IPv4 address on the wired LAN.

If set to "Automatically", make sure you have a DHCP server in your environment.

Automatically (default)

Manually

device.wifi.enable

Enables or disables Wi-Fi wireless communication on your system.

Setting to "False" turns off screen mirroring with Miracast-certified devices and prevents the system from using Wi-Fi to connect to a secondary network.

True (default)

False

device.net.secondaryNetwork.type

Specifies if you want your system to connect to a secondary network over Wi-Fi so that guest users can share content to the system using an AirPlay-certified device or the Polycom Content App.

None (default)

WiFi

Caution: In Partner Mode, make sure you set this parameter to 'None'.

device.net.secondaryNetwork.wifi.ssid

Specifies the name of the Wi-Fi network you're connecting systems to.

String (0-32)

device.net.secondaryNetwork.wifi.securityType

Specifies the Wi-Fi network encryption protocol.

WPA_PSK (default)

None

WEP

802_1xEAP

device.net.secondaryNetwork.wifi.WEP.key

Specifies the WEP key.

You should set this if device.net.secondaryNetwork.wifi.securityType="WEP".

String

device.net.secondaryNetwork.wifi.dot1xEAP.method

Specifies the extensible authentication protocol (EAP) for WPA-Enterprise (802.1xEAP).

You should set this if device.net.secondaryNetwork.wifi.securityType="802_1xEAP".

PEAP (default)

TLS

TTLS

PWD

device.net.secondaryNetwork.wifi.dot1xEAP.phase2Auth

Specifies the Phase 2 authentication method.

You should set this if device.net.secondaryNetwork.wifi.securityType="802_1xEAP".

MSCHAPV2 (default)

GTC

device.net.secondaryNetwork.wifi.WPA.password

Specifies an encryption passphrase (like a password) for the Wi-Fi network. You must enter the passphrase to connect to the Wi-Fi network.

You should set this if device.net.secondaryNetwork.wifi.securityType="WPA_PSK".

String

device.net.secondaryNetwork.wifi.dot1xEAP.identity

Specifies the login username for WPA-Enterprise (802.1xEAP).

You should set this if device.net.secondaryNetwork.wifi.securityType="802_1xEAP".

String

device.net.secondaryNetwork.wifi.dot1xEAP.password

Specifies the login password for WPA-Enterprise (802.1xEAP).

You should set this if device.net.secondaryNetwork.wifi.securityType="802_1xEAP".

String

device.net.secondaryNetwork.dns.server.1

Specifies the DNS server address on the Wi-Fi network.

String

device.net.secondaryNetwork.dns.server.2

Specifies the alternate DNS server address on the Wi-Fi network.

String

device.net.secondaryNetwork.ipAddress

Specifies the system IPv4 address on the Wi-Fi network.

String

0.0.0.0

device.net.secondaryNetwork.ipGateway

Specifies the IP gateway for the Wi-Fi network.

String

0.0.0.0

device.net.secondaryNetwork.mode

Specifies how you want to configure your system Wi-Fi network IP address.

If you set "Automatically", make sure you have a DHCP server in your environment.

Automatically (default)

Manually

device.net.secondaryNetwork.subnetMask

Specifies the subnet mask address for the Wi-Fi network.

String

255.255.255.0

device.net.subnetMask

Specifies the subnet mask address for the wired LAN.

You don't need to set this if device.net.mode="Automatically".

String

255.255.255.0

device.net.domain

Identifies the domain your system belongs to.

You can optionally set this if the system does not automatically obtain a domain name.

String

device.net.dot1x.enable

Specifies whether EAP/802.1X network access is enabled. The following authentication protocols are supported:

EAP-MD5
EAP-PEAPv0 (MSCHAPv2)
EAP-TTLS
EAP-TLS
False (default)
True

device.net.dot1x.identity

Specifies the system's identity used for 802.1X authentication.
String (0-64)

device.net.dot1x.password

Specifies the system's password used for 802.1X authentication. This setting is required when EAP-MD5, EAP-PEAPv0, or EAP-TTLS is used.
String

device.net.echo.enable

When enabled, your system sends an ICMP Echo Reply message in response to a broadcast or multicast Echo Request that isn't specifically addressed to the system.
False (default)
True

device.net.ethernet.autoNegotiation

Specifies whether the system should automatically negotiate the LAN speed and duplex mode per IEEE 802.3 autonegotiation procedures.
Poly recommends that you use autonegotiation to avoid network issues.
If enabled, you don't have to set device.net.ethernet.portSpeed or device.net.ethernet.duplexMode.
True (default)
False

device.net.ethernet.duplexMode

Specifies the duplex mode to use. Note that the speed you choose must be supported by the switch.
You don't need to set this if device.net.ethernet.autoNegotiation="True".
Half (default)
Full

device.net.ethernet.portSpeed

Specifies the wired LAN speed to use. Note that the speed you choose must be supported by the switch.

You don't need to set this if `device.net.ethernet.autoNegotiation="True"`.

100Mbps (default)

10Mbps

1000Mbps

device.net.hostName

Indicates your system name. If the system discovers a valid name during setup or a software update, the system automatically creates the hostname. However, if an invalid name is found, such as a name with a space, the system creates a hostname using the following format: `SystemType-xxxxxx`, where `xxxxxx` is a set of random alphanumeric characters.

IPv4 networks: The system sends the host name to the DHCP server to attempt to register the name with the local DNS server or look up the domain where the system is registered (if supported).

String (0-36)

roomseries

device.net.icmp.txRateLimit

Specifies the minimum number of milliseconds between transmitted packets.

The default value of 1000 means the system sends 1 packet per second. If you enter 0, the transmission rate limit is disabled.

This setting applies only to "error" ICMP packets. This setting has no effect on "informational" ICMP packets, such as echo requests and replies.

1000 (default)

Integer (0-60000)

device.net.ignoreRedirect

Enables the system to ignore ICMP redirect messages.

Poly recommends you enable this setting in most circumstances.

True (default)

False

device.net.lldp.enable

Specifies if you want the system to advertise itself on the network using the Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP).

Set to "True" if you want your system to operate on a virtual LAN (VLAN).

If set to "True", `device.net.vlan.enable` and `device.net.vlanid` should be automatically configured.

False (default)

True

device.net.unreachableTx.enable

Generates an ICMP Destination Unreachable message if a packet cannot be delivered to its destination for reasons other than network congestion.

True (default)

False

device.net.vlan.audioPriority

Sets the link layer priority of audio traffic on the wired LAN. Audio traffic is RTP traffic consisting of audio data and associated RTCP traffic.

Setting "6" or "7" isn't recommended.

To use this parameter, you should set device.net.ldap.enable="True".

You can't set this parameter in Partner Mode.

0 (default)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

device.net.vlan.controlPriority

Sets the link layer priority of control traffic on the wired LAN. Control traffic is consists of control information associated with a call:

H.323: H.225.0 Call Signaling, H.225.0 RAS, H.245, Far-End Camera Control (FECC)

SIP: SIP Signaling, FECC, Binary Floor Control Protocol (BFCP)

Setting "6" or "7" isn't recommended.

To use this parameter, you should set device.net.ldap.enable="True".

You can't set this parameter in Partner Mode.

0 (default)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

device.net.vlan.enable

Enable if you want to configure your system with a virtual LAN (VLAN) and set link layer priorities.

False (default)

True

device.net.vlan.videoPriority

Sets the link layer priority of video traffic on the wired LAN. Video traffic is RTP traffic consisting of video data and associated RTCP traffic.

Setting "6" or "7" isn't recommended.

To use this parameter, you should set `device.net.ldap.enable="True"`.

You can't set this parameter in Partner Mode.

0 (default)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

device.net.vlanid

Identifies the VLAN you want your system to operate on.

To use this parameter, you should set `device.net.vlan.enable="True"`.

1 (default)

Integer (1-4095)

net.firewall.fixedPorts.enable

If enabled, you can define which TCP and UDP ports your system uses for firewall traversal.

Enable if your firewall isn't H.323 compatible. Disable if your firewall is H.323 compatible or the system isn't behind a firewall.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

Note: For the fixed ports you configure, you must open the corresponding ports on your firewall. For H.323, open TCP port 1720. For SIP, open UDP port 5060, TCP 5060, or TCP 5061 depending on if you're using UDP, TCP, or TLS, respectively, as the SIP transport protocol.

net.firewall.fixedPorts.tcpStart

The starting value for the range of TCP ports used by the system. The system automatically configures the range based on the beginning value you set here.

The system assigns a port range starting with the TCP and UDP ports you specify (port 3230 is where the range begins by default).

To allow H.323 traffic, you need two TCP and eight UDP ports per connection. You must also open TCP port 1720 on the firewall.

To allow SIP traffic, you need TCP port 5060 and eight UDP ports per connection.

Fixed ports range and filters: You might notice that the source port of a SIP signaling message is not in the fixed ports range. When your firewall is filtering on source ports, in the system web interface, set `volpProt.SIP.forceConnectionReuse="True"`. When enabled, the system uses port 5060 and 5061 for the source and destination port (these must be open on the firewall).

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Integer (1024-65522)

3230 (default)

net.firewall.fixedPorts.udpStart

The starting value for the range of UDP ports used by the system. The system automatically configures the range based on the beginning value you set here.

To allow H.323 traffic, you need two TCP and eight UDP ports per connection. You must also open TCP port 1720 on the firewall.

To allow SIP traffic, you need TCP port 5060 and eight UDP ports per connection.

Because systems support ICE, the range of fixed UDP ports is 32. The system cycles through the available ports from call to call.

Fixed ports range and filters: You might notice that the source port of a SIP signaling message is not in the fixed ports range. When your firewall is filtering on source ports, in the system web interface, set `volpProt.SIP.forceConnectionReuse="True"`. When enabled, the system uses port 5060 and 5061 for the source and destination port (these must be open on the firewall).

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Integer (1024-65424)

3230 (default)

net.firewall.h460.enable

Allows the system to be configured for H.460 firewall/NAT traversal.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

net.firewall.nat.gabAddressDisplayed

Sets whether to display the system's public or private address in the global directory.

To use this parameter, make sure `net.firewall.nat.useNatAddress` is set to "Auto" or "Manual".

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Public (default)

Private

net.firewall.nat.h323Compatible

Identifies whether the system is behind a NAT that can translate H.323 traffic.

To use this parameter, make sure net.firewall.nat.useNatAddress is set to "Auto" or "Manual".

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

net.firewall.nat.publicAddress

The address callers from outside the LAN use to call your system. If you configured the NAT manually (net.firewall.nat.useNatAddress="Manual"), set the NAT public address here.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-255)

0.0.0.0 (default)

net.firewall.nat.useNatAddress

Specifies if the system should automatically determine the NAT public (WAN) address.

If the system is not behind a NAT or is connected to the network through a VPN, set to "Off".

If the system is behind a NAT that allows HTTP traffic, set to "Auto".

If the system is behind a NAT that does not allow HTTP traffic, set to "Manual".

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Off (default)

Auto

Manual

net.proxy.address

The web proxy address.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Set this parameter if net.proxy.autoconf="False".

String (0-1024)

net.proxy.autoconf

Set to "True" for the following web proxy configuration methods:

Automatic: Your system obtains a URL for downloading a proxy auto-configuration (PAC) file through DHCP option 252. With this method, you may have to also set proxy credentials.

Semi-automatic: You specify the proxy credentials and URL for automatically downloading a PAC file.

Set to "False" for manual configuration. You must then specify the proxy address, port, and credentials. This method lets you configure your system with only one proxy.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

net.proxy.pacfile.url

The address from which your system downloads the PAC file.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-1024)

net.proxy.port

The web proxy port.

Set this parameter if net.proxy.autoconf="False".

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Integer (1-65535)

8080 (default)

net.proxy.webproxy.auth.password

The password for connecting your system with the web proxy.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

Note: Credentials may not be needed if your system is automatically configured with a proxy.

net.proxy.webproxy.auth.userName

The username for connecting your system with the web proxy.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-64)

Note: Credentials may not be needed if your system is automatically configured with a proxy.

net.proxy.webproxy.blockBasicAuth

Specifies if you want to allow your system to use basic authentication (disabled by default) when connecting with a web proxy.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

net.proxy.webproxy.enable

Enable to allow your system to be configured with web proxies.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

net.proxy.wpad.enable

Set to "True" if net.proxy.autoconf="True" and you prefer the automatic web proxy configuration method. Enabling the web proxy auto-discovery protocol (WPAD) helps your system automatically download the PAC file on your network using DHCP option 252.

Set to "False" if you prefer semi-automatic web proxy configuration, where you specify the proxy credentials and URL for automatically downloading a PAC file.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

Using Provisioning Service Credentials to Register with SIP

You can register your system with a SIP service using the same credentials you used to register with your provisioning service.

To do this, set `voIpProt.SIP.auth.useLoginCredentials="True"`.

With this parameter, provisioning separate username, password, and domain parameters for the SIP service isn't necessary. For example, if you set

`voIpProt.SIP.auth.useLoginCredentials="True"`, you don't have to set

`voIpProt.SIP.auth.userId`, `voIpProt.SIP.auth.password`, and

`voIpProt.SIP.auth.domain`.

Quality of Service Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure QoS settings on your system.

qos.tosType

Specifies the type of service (ToS), which lets you prioritize packets sent to your system for video, audio, Far End Camera Control (FECC), and OA&M

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

IP_Precedence (default) - Uses a priority level between 0 and 7.

DiffServ - Uses a priority level between 0 and 63.

qos.diffServ.audio

Specifies the DiffServ priority level for audio RTP and associated RTCP traffic.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

0 (default)

Integer (0-63)

qos.diffServ.video

Specifies the DiffServ priority level for video RTP and associated RTCP traffic.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

0 (default)

Integer (0-63)

qos.diffServ.fecc

Specifies the DiffServ priority level for control traffic on the following channels:

H.323: H.225.0 call signaling, H.225.0 RAS, H.245, and far-end camera control (FECC).

SIP: SIP signaling, FECC, and Binary Floor Control Protocol (BFCP).

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

40 (default)

Integer (0-63)

Note: FECC is enabled by video.camera.farControlNearCamera.

qos.diffServ.oam

Specifies the DiffServ value for traffic unrelated to video, audio, or FECC.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

16 (default)

Integer (0-63)

qos.dynamicBandwidth.enable

Enable if you want the system to automatically determine the optimal call rate.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

qos.intServ.audio

Specifies the IP Precedence priority level for audio RTP and associated RTCP traffic.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

5 (default)

Integer (0-7)

qos.intServ.fecc

Specifies the IP precedence priority level for control traffic on the following channels:

H.323: H.225.0 call signaling, H.225.0 RAS, H.245, and far-end camera control (FECC).

SIP: SIP signaling, FECC, and Binary Floor Control Protocol (BFCP).

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

3 (default)

Integer (0-7)

Note: FECC is enabled by video.camera.farControlNearCamera.

qos.intServ.oam

Specifies the IP Precedence value for traffic unrelated to video, audio, or FECC.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

0 (default)

Integer (0-7)

qos.intServ.video

Specifies the IP Precedence priority level for video RTP and associated RTCP traffic.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

4 (default)

Integer (0-7)

qos.LPR.enable

If enabled, the system uses the Lost Packet Recovery (LPR) protocol to help compensate for packet loss if it occurs.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

qos.maxRxBandwidth

Specifies the maximum receive call rate between 64 kbps and the system's maximum line rate.

This can be useful when the system is connected to the network using an access method with different transmit and receive bandwidth.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

6144 (default)

64

128

192
256
320
384
448
512
576
640
704
768
832
896
960
1024
1088
1152
1216
1280
1344
1408
1472
1536
1600
1664
1728
1792
1856
1920
2048
3840
4096

qos.maxTxBandwidth

Specifies the maximum receive call rate between 64 kbps and the system's maximum line rate.

This can be useful when the system is connected to the network using an access method with different transmit and receive bandwidth.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

6144 (default)

64

128

192

256

320

384

448

512

576

640

704

768

832

896

960

1024

1088

1152

1216

1280

1344

1408

1472

1536

1600

1664

1728

1792

1856

1920

2048

3840

4096

qos.mtuMode

Determines whether to use the default Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size for calls or let you specify it.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Default (default)

Specify

qos.mtuSize

Specifies the MTU size (in bytes) used in calls.

Decrease the MTU if video quality is poor or network errors occur (packets might be too large).

Increase the MTU if the network is burdened with unnecessary overhead (packets might be too small).

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

1260 (default)

660

780

900

1020

1140

1500

qos.rsvp.enable

If enabled, the system can use the Resource Reservation Setup Protocol (RSVP) to request that routers reserve bandwidth along an IP connection path. (To use this feature, the near and far site must support RSVP.)

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

VoIP Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure VoIP settings on your system.

voIpProt.SIP.auth.domain

Specifies the domain that your SIP username belongs to.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

voIpProt.SIP.sbcKeepAlive.enable

Specifies whether to regularly transmit keep-alive messages on the SIP signaling channel and on RTP sessions part of SIP calls. Keep-alive messages maintain connections through firewall/NAT devices that are often used at network edges.

If your system is in an Avaya SIP environment, it's recommended that you disable this setting to allow calls to fully connect.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

voIpProt.H323.e164

You can place point-to-point calls using this extension if both systems are registered with a gatekeeper. The extension is also used by gatekeepers and gateways use to identify your system.

Your organization's dial plan might define the extensions you can use.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-128)

`{h323_e164}` - RealPresence Resource Manager accepts this value to automatically configure the parameter.

voIpProt.H323.enable

Enables or disables the ability for your system to use the H.323 protocol.

You must set to "True" to use other `voIpProt.H323.*` parameters.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

If set to "False", you can't also set `voIpProt.SIP.enable="False"`.

voIpProt.H323.gk.auth.enable

Enables support for H.235 Annex D Authentication.

When H.235 Annex D Authentication is enabled, the H.323 gatekeeper ensures that only trusted H.323 endpoints can access the gatekeeper.

To use this parameter, you should set `voIpProt.H323.gk.mode="Specify"`.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

voIpProt.H323.gk.auth.password

Specifies a password if authentication is required for registering with the gatekeeper.

To use this parameter, you should set `voIpProt.H323.gk.mode="Specify"` and `voIpProt.H323.gk.auth.enable="True"`.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

voIpProt.H323.gk.auth.userId

Specifies a username if authentication is required for registering with the gatekeeper.

To use this parameter, you should set `voIpProt.H323.gk.mode="Specify"` and `voIpProt.H323.gk.auth.enable="True"`.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-62)

voIpProt.H323.gk.ipAddress

The gatekeeper IPv4 address the system registers with.

As part of the registration process, the gatekeeper might return alternate gatekeepers. If communication with the primary gatekeeper is lost, your system registers with the alternate gatekeeper but continues to poll the primary gatekeeper. If the system re-establishes communication with the primary gatekeeper, it unregisters from the alternate gatekeeper.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

What you can set here is determined by how you've configured `voIpProt.H323.gk.mode`:

Off - Setting the gatekeeper IP address isn't needed.

Auto - Setting the gatekeeper IP address isn't needed.

Specify - Enter the gatekeeper IP address or name (e.g., 10.11.12.13 or `gatekeeper.companyname.usa.com`).

String (0-255)

voIpProt.H323.gk.mode

Specifies if you want to use a gatekeeper for H.323 services.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Off (default) - Calls do not use a gatekeeper.

Auto - System tries to automatically find an available gatekeeper.

Specify - Calls use the specified gatekeeper. Set this value if you want to use `voIpProt.H323.gk.auth.enable`.

voIpProt.H323.name

How gatekeepers and gateways identify your system. You can make point-to-point calls using H.323 names if both systems are registered to a gatekeeper.

The value here is the same set for `device.local.deviceName` unless you change it. (Your organization's dial plan might define the name you can use.)

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-36)

`#{h323_ID}` - RealPresence Resource Manager accepts this value to automatically configure the parameter.

voIpProt.SIP.auth.useLoginCredentials

Specifies if you want to register with a SIP service using the same credentials you used for registering with a provisioning service.

With this parameter, provisioning separate username, password, and domain parameters for the SIP service isn't necessary.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

voIpProt.SIP.auth.password

The password associated with the username for authenticating your system with a SIP registrar server.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

voIpProt.SIP.bfcpTransportPreference

Controls content sharing negotiation behavior. Using the Binary Floor Control Protocol (BFCP), a relationship is established between the floor control server and its clients. What you set here determines how network traffic flows between the server and clients.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Prefer_UDP (default) - Starts resource sharing using UDP but falls back to TCP if needed.

Prefer_TCP - Starts resource sharing using TCP but falls back to UDP if needed.

UDP_ONLY - Shares resources only using UDP. If UDP is unavailable, content sharing in a separate video stream isn't available.

TCP_ONLY - Shares resources only through TCP. If TCP is unavailable, content sharing in a separate video stream isn't available.

Note: TCP is typically known as slightly slower but more reliable than UDP. It is not supported under some circumstances, such as with session border controllers (SBCs).

voIpProt.SIP.enable

Enables or disables the ability for your system to use the SIP protocol.

You must set to "True" to use other voIpProt.SIP.* parameters.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

If set to "False", you can't also set voIpProt.H323.enable="False".

voIpProt.SIP.forceConnectionReuse

When disabled (recommended), the system uses an ephemeral source port for outgoing SIP messages.

When enabled, the system uses the active SIP listening port as the source port (5060 or 5061, depending on the negotiated SIP transport protocol in use). This can be useful to establish correct operation with remote SIP peer devices, which require that the source port match the contact port in SIP messages.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

voIpProt.SIP.proxyServer

The IP address or fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the SIP proxy server. If you don't set this, the registrar server address is used. If you also leave voIpProt.SIP.registrarServer blank, there is no SIP proxy server.

SIP signaling by default is sent to ports 5060 (TCP) and 5061 (TLS) on the proxy server.

The syntax for this is the same as voIpProt.SIP.registrarServer.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-255)

voIpProt.SIP.registrarServer

The IP address or fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the SIP registrar server. If registering a remote system with an edge server, use that server's FQDN.

SIP signaling by default is sent to ports 5060 (TCP) and 5061 (TLS) on the registrar server.

Enter the address and port using the following format: IP_Address:Port.

The IP_Address can be an IPv4 address or an FQDN (e.g., servername.company.com:6050).

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String (0-255)

voIpProt.SIP.registrarServerType

Specifies the type of SIP registrar server you're using.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Standard SIP (default) - For standard SIP registrar servers.

voIpProt.SIP.serverType

Specifies whether to automatically or manually set the SIP server's IP address.

If set to "Auto", you don't have to set voIpProt.SIP.transport, voIpProt.SIP.registrarServer, or voIpProt.SIP.proxyServer.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Specify (default)

Auto

voIpProt.SIP.transport

Sets the protocol your system uses for SIP signaling (your SIP network determines which protocol is required).

Auto (default) - Enables automatic negotiation of protocols in the following order: TLS, TCP, and UDP. This is the recommended setting for most environments.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

TLS - Provides secure SIP signaling. TLS is available only when your system is registered with a SIP server that supports it. If you set this, your system ignores TCP/UDP port 5060.

TCP - Provides reliable transport via TCP.

UDP - Provides best-effort transport via UDP.

voIpProt.SIP.auth.userId

Specifies the username for connecting your system with a SIP registrar server (e.g., marySmith). If the SIP proxy requires authentication, this parameter and voIpProt.SIP.auth.password cannot be blank.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

voIpProt.SIP.userName

Specifies the SIP address or name of the system (e.g., mary.smith@department.company.com). If you leave this blank, the system IP address is used for authentication.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

`${sip_alias}` - RealPresence Resource Manager accepts this value to automatically configure the parameter.

Peripheral Devices

Topics:

- [Peripheral Device Pairing Parameter](#)
- [Poly IP Table and Ceiling Microphone Parameters](#)
- [Poly Microphone IP Adapter Parameters](#)

This section describes available peripheral device configuration parameters. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

Peripheral Device Pairing Parameter

Use the following parameter to automatically pair some devices with your system.

mr.primary.autoPair.enable

Enables your system to automatically pair with some devices, such as a Poly IP Table Microphone.

For example, if `mr.primary.autoPair.enable="True"` and you connect a table microphone to a LAN port on your system, it should automatically pair and be ready to use.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True (default)

False

Poly IP Table and Ceiling Microphone Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure Poly IP Table Microphones and Poly IP Ceiling Microphones connected to your system.

log.level.change.xxx

Controls the logging detail level. These are the input filters into the internal memory-based log system.

Possible values for xxx are `cfg`, `curl`, `mr`, `so`, `ss`, `ssps`, and `usb`.

0-6 (default is 4)

log.render.level

Controls the logging level for the lowest severity of events to log.

For example, if you configure this parameter to "2", the log includes all events of an equal or greater severity level.

0 or 1 - Severity Debug (7)

2 or 3 - Severity Informational (6)

- 4 Severity Error (3)
- 5 Severity Critical (2)
- 6 Severity Emergency (0)
- 0-6 (default is 1)

log.render.stdout

Enables or disables the logs print to standard out (serial and shell terminal).

False (default)

True

mr.pair.tls.enabled

Enables or disables TLS between paired devices.

True (default)

False

device.net.mikoTimeout.set

Allows you to set the device.net.mikoTime parameter.

False (default)

True

device.net.mikoTimeout

Timeout value for table microphone DHCP in seconds.

30-60 (default is 30)

feature.usbdevice.enable

Enables or disables USB device access.

True (default)

False

Poly Microphone IP Adapter Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure the Poly Microphone IP Adapter to your system.

device.syslog.renderLevel

Controls the logging details level.

Debug (default)

Info

Warning

Error

Critical

call. encryption. requireAES

Controls when to use the audio encryption.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Off

When_Available (default)

Required_Video

Required_All

sec. TLS. disableVersion1

Enables or disables TLS1.0.

True

False (default)

device. local. deviceName

The name of your system.

String

Provisioning

Topics:

- [Provisioning Parameters](#)

This section describes available configuration parameters for your provisioning setup. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

Provisioning Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure provisioning settings on your system.

prov.polling.period

Specifies your system's provisioning polling interval in seconds.

For example, if you set this parameter to "120", your system is provisioned every two minutes.

Integer >= 60

prov.heartbeat.interval

Specifies how often (in seconds) your system indicates it's available to the provisioning server.

This feature runs in the background and does not affect user experience.

600 (default)

Integer (120-600)

prov.softupdate.https.enable

Specifies whether your system gets software updates via HTTP or HTTPS.

False (default) - Your system gets software updates via HTTP.

True - Your system gets software updates via HTTPS.

Note: If you are using private PKI certificates in your environment and want HTTPS downloads to work, you must install the trusted root certificate from your internal certificate authority (CA) on the system using one of the `sec.TLS.customCaCert.*` parameters.

Security

Topics:

- [Provisioning Updated PKI Certificates and CRLs](#)
- [Security Parameters](#)

This section describes available security configuration parameters. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

Provisioning Updated PKI Certificates and CRLs

During provisioning, your system checks if a new public key infrastructure (PKI) certificate is just an updated version of an installed certificate.

If the certificate contents have changed since it was last successfully provisioned or manually installed (for example, there's a new expiration date), the new certificate is applied and the older one is deleted. If the certificate hasn't changed, the new certificate is ignored.

This is not the case with certificate revocation lists (CRLs), which are replaced each time your system is provisioned even if the CRL hasn't changed.

Security Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure security settings on your system.

cast.miracast.enforcepin

For enhanced security, you can require that Windows users enter a security code each time they connect to the system with their Miracast-certified device.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

False (default)

True

This feature applies only to Windows 10 version 1709 and later.

To use this feature, you must set `sec.access.room.secCode.enable="True"`.

When you set `content.miracast.enable="False"`, this parameter resets to its default value.

sec.access.maxSessions

Sets the maximum number of connected sessions through the system web interface and command-line API (SSH or telnet).

50 (default)

45

40

35
30
25
20
15
10

sec.auth.portLockout.failedLoginWindow

Specifies the number of hours, starting with the first failed login attempt, during which subsequent failed login attempts are counted against the maximum number allowed (sec.auth.portLockout.lockoutAttempts).

The counter resets when the set period of time expires or a user successfully logs in.

Off (default)

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24

sec.auth.portLockout.lockoutAttempts

The number of failed login attempts allowed before the web interface locks.

Off (default)

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

sec.auth.portLockout.lockoutTime

Specifies the number of minutes that the web interface remains locked due to failed login attempts. When this period expires, the failed login attempts counter resets and you can try to log in again.

1 (default)

2

3

5

10

20

30

60

120

240

480

sec.auth.portLockout.ssh.failedLoginWindow

Specifies the number of hours, starting with the first failed login attempt, during which subsequent failed login attempts are counted against the maximum number allowed (sec.auth.portLockout.ssh.lockoutAttempts).

The counter resets when the set period of time expires or a user successfully logs in.

Off

1 (default)

2

3

4

5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24

sec.auth.portLockout.ssh.lockoutAttempts

Specifies the number of failed login attempts allowed before SSH access to the API locks.

Off

2

3 (default)

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

sec.auth.portLockout.ssh.lockoutTime

Specifies the amount of time that SSH access to the API remains locked due to failed login attempts. When this period expires, the failed login attempts counter resets and you can try to log in again.

1 (default)

2

3

5

10

20

30

60

120

240

480

sec.nids.enable

When set to "True", the system creates security log entries when it detects a possible network intrusion.

False (default)

True

sec.telnet.apiPort

Specifies whether to use port 23 or 24 for command-line API access.

24 (default)

23

sec.telnet.apiPortIdleTimeout.enable

Specifies whether to allow the command-line API port to time out at the configured time interval or not.

The timeout is set using `sec.web.idleSessionTimeout`.

False (default)

True

sec.telnet.diagPortIdleTimeout.enable

Specifies whether to allow the diagnostics port to time out at the configured time interval or not.

The timeout is set using `sec.web.idleSessionTimeout`.

False (default)

True

sec.telnet.enable

Specifies whether you can access the system using telnet.

False (default)

True

sec.web.enable

Specifies whether you can access the system using its web interface.

True (default)

False

sec.web.idleSessionTimeout

Specifies the number of minutes a session can be idle before it times out.

1

3

5

10 (default)

15

20

30

45

60

120

240

480

sec.usb.disableAll

Set to "True" to prevent use of the system's USB ports.

Note: You can't completely turn off the USB-C port; it still provides power.

If you disable the system's USB ports, you can't use the system as an external camera, microphone, and speaker accessory (i.e., Poly Device Mode).

False (default)

True

sec.TLS.cert.sslVerificationDepth

Specifies how many links a certificate chain can have. The term peer certificate refers to any certificate sent by the far-end host when a network connection is being established between the two systems.

0

1

2 (default)

3

4

5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12

sec.TLS.cert.validatePeer.enable

Determines whether your system requires a remote server to present a valid certificate when connecting to it for services, such as provisioning.

False (default)

True

sec.TLS.customCaCert.1

Specifies a CA-signed PKI certificate to install on your system.

Your system accepts the following certificate file formats: .pem, .der, and PKCS #7 (which typically has a .p7b filename extension).

String

sec.TLS.customCaCert.2

Specifies a CA-signed PKI certificate to install on your system.

Your system accepts the following certificate file formats: .pem, .der, and PKCS #7 (which typically has a .p7b filename extension).

String

sec.TLS.customCaCert.3

Specifies a CA-signed PKI certificate to install on your system.

Your system accepts the following certificate file formats: .pem, .der, and PKCS #7 (which typically has a .p7b filename extension).

String

sec.TLS.revocation.crl.1

Specifies a CRL to install on your system for certificate revocation checks.

Installing a CRL will fail unless you've installed all of the certificates in the issuing CA's chain of trust for that CRL.

To use this parameter, make sure to set `sec.TLS.revocation.ocsp.enable="False"`.

String

sec.TLS.revocation.crl.2

Specifies a CRL to install on your system for certificate revocation checks.

Installing a CRL will fail unless you've installed all of the certificates in the issuing CA's chain of trust for that CRL.

To use this parameter, make sure to set `sec.TLS.revocation.ocsp.enable="False"`.

String

sec.TLS.revocation.crl.3

Specifies a CRL to install on your system for certificate revocation checks.

Installing a CRL will fail unless you've installed all of the certificates in the issuing CA's chain of trust for that CRL.

To use this parameter, make sure to set `sec.TLS.revocation.ocsp.enable="False"`.

String

sec.TLS.revocation.looseRevocation.enable

CRL method: When you enable this parameter, a certificate in the chain of trust validates without a revocation check if no corresponding CRL from the issuing CA is installed.

OCSP method: When you enable this parameter, your system considers a revocation check successful if there is no response or the OCSP responder indicates a certificate's status is unknown. Regardless of how you configure this parameter, the following statements apply:

If the OCSP responder indicates a known revoked status, your system treats it as a revocation check failure and doesn't allow the connection. If the OCSP responder indicates a known good status, your system treats it as a successful revocation check and allows the connection

False (default)

True

sec.TLS.revocation.ocsp.enable

Specifies the certificate revocation method you want to use.

False (default) - Set to use the CRL method of revocation.

True - Set to use the OCSP method of revocation.

sec.TLS.revocation.ocsp.responderAddress

Specifies the URI of the OCSP responder (e.g., `http://responder.example.com/ocsp`). The responder is used when `sec.TLS.revocation.ocsp.useResponderInCert` is disabled and sometimes even when it's enabled. Poly recommends you always include a URI in this field regardless of how `sec.TLS.revocation.ocsp.useResponderInCert` is configured.

To use this parameter, make sure to set `sec.TLS.revocation.ocsp.enable="True"`.

String

sec.TLS.revocation.ocsp.useResponderInCert

Some certificates include the OCSP responder address. When this parameter is enabled, your system attempts to use this address (when present) instead of the global responder address you specified in `sec.TLS.revocation.ocsp.responderAddress`.

To use this parameter, make sure to set `sec.TLS.revocation.ocsp.enable="True"`.

False (default)

True

Note: Only HTTP URLs in a certificate's AIA field are supported.

sec.ssh.enable

Specifies if you can access the command-line API using SSH (port 22).

False (default)

True

sec.auth.external.AD.adminGroup

Specifies the Active Directory group whose members should have administrator access to the system. This name must exactly match the name in the AD server for successful authentication.

String (0-512)

sec.auth.external.AD.enable

Specifies whether to authenticate users with Active Directory server. When AD authentication is enabled, users can log in to the system with their network credentials using this format: `domain \user`. With this format, users can have accounts on multiple domains.

False (default)

True

sec.auth.external.AD.server.address

Specifies the Active Directory server's fully qualified domain name (FQDN) or IP address. If you are using subdomains, append port number 3268 as follows: `ad.domain.com:3268`.

You can alternatively use RealPresence Resource Manager as an AD server and enter its address here.

If `sec.TLS.cert.validatePeer.enable="True"`, make sure this value matches what is in the AD server certificate. For example, if you enter the AD server IP address here, but the certificate only has the server's FQDN, external authentication will fail.

String (0-256)

sec.auth.external.AD.userGroup

Specifies the Active Directory group whose members should have user access to the system. This name must exactly match the name in the AD server for successful authentication.

String (0-512)

sec.TLS.minimumVersion

You can restrict your system from using earlier versions of TLS for secure communications.

For example: If you set this parameter to "tls1_1", you are disabling TLS 1.0.

tls1_2 (default)

tls1

tls1_1

sec.auth.accountLockout.admin.failedLoginWindow

Determines how many hours the failed login window lasts. The window is a period of time starting with the first failed login attempt and during which subsequent failed attempts are counted against the number allowed.

The counter resets to zero at the end of the window (if the account is not locked because of failed attempts) and after a successful login.

Off (default)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

sec.auth.accountLockout.admin.lockoutAttempts

Specifies the number of failed login attempts allowed before the system locks the account.

Off (default)

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10

sec.auth.accountLockout.admin.lockoutTime

Specifies the amount of time an account is locked because of failed login attempts. After this period expires, the failed login attempts counter is reset to zero and users can again log in with that account.

1 (default)

- 2
- 3
- 5

sec.auth.admin.id

The local administrator account name.

String (can be a combination of letters and numbers)

admin (default)

sec.auth.admin.password

If set, this password must be entered to access the system through the web interface or command-line API (SSH or telnet).

To successfully provision this parameter, you must set `sec.auth.admin.useRoomPassword="False"`.

String

sec.auth.admin.room.password

If set, this password (also referred to as the Room Password) must be entered to change administrator settings in the local interface.

String

sec.auth.admin.useRoomPassword

When set to "True", the password configured for sec.auth.admin.room.password is also used for accessing the system remotely.

True (default)

False

sec.auth.admin.room.password.canContainIdOrReverse

Specifies whether the associated ID or its reverse can be part of a password. If this setting is enabled and the ID is "admin", passwords "admin" and "nimda" are allowed.

True (default)

False

sec.auth.admin.room.password.expirationWarning

Specifies how many days in advance a warning displays indicating that the password will soon expire (if a maximum password age is set).

Off (default)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

sec.auth.admin.room.password.lowercaseCount

The minimum number of lowercase letters required for a valid password.

Off (default)

1

2

All

sec.auth.admin.room.password.maxAge

The maximum number of days before the password must change.

Off (default)

30

60

90

100

110

120

130

140

150

160

170

180

sec.auth.admin.room.password.maxRepeatedChars

The maximum number of consecutive repeated characters in a password. For example, if set to "3", aaa123 is a valid password but aaaa123 is not.

Off (default)

1

2

3

4

sec.auth.admin.room.password.minAge

The minimum number of days before the password can change.

Off (default)

1

5

10

15

20

30

sec.auth.admin.room.password.minChangedChars

The number of characters that must be different or change position in a new password. For example, if set to "3", 123abc can change to 345cde but not to 234bcd.

Off (default)

1

2

3

4

All

sec.auth.admin.room.password.minLength

The minimum number of characters required for a valid password.

Off (default)

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10
- 11
- 12
- 13
- 14
- 15
- 16
- 32

sec.auth.admin.room.password.numCount

The minimum amount of numbers required for a valid password.

Off (default)

- 1
- 2
- All

sec.auth.admin.room.password.rejectPrevPassword

The number of most recent passwords that cannot be reused. If set to "Off", all previous passwords are valid.

Off (default)

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8

9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16

sec.auth.admin.room.password.specialCharCount

The minimum number of special characters required for a valid password. Supported characters include: @ - _ ! ; \$, \ / & . # *

Off (default)

1
2
All

sec.auth.admin.room.password.uppercaseCount

The minimum number of uppercase letters required for a valid password.

Off (default)

1
2
All

sec.auth.remote.password.canContainIdOrReverse

Specifies whether the associated ID or its reverse can be part of a password. If this setting is enabled and the ID is "admin", passwords "admin" and "nimda" are allowed.

True (default)

False

sec.auth.remote.password.expirationWarning

Specifies how many days in advance a warning displays indicating that the password will soon expire (if a maximum password age is set).

Off (default)

1
2
3
4
5

6

7

sec.auth.remote.password.lowercaseCount

The minimum number of lowercase letters required for a valid password.

Off (default)

1

2

All

sec.auth.remote.password.maxAge

The maximum number of days before the password must change.

Off (default)

30

60

90

100

110

120

130

140

150

160

170

180

sec.auth.remote.password.maxRepeatedChars

The maximum number of consecutive repeated characters in a password. For example, if set to "3", aaa123 is a valid password but aaaa123 is not.

Off (default)

1

2

3

4

sec.auth.remote.password.minAge

Required minimum age of the password (in days) before update is allowed.

Off (default)

- 1
- 5
- 10
- 15
- 20
- 30

sec.auth.remote.password.minChangedChars

The number of characters that must be different or change position in a new password. For example, if set to "3", 123abc can change to 345cde but not to 234bcd.

Off (default)

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- All

sec.auth.remote.password.minLength

The minimum number of characters required for a valid password.

Off (default)

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10
- 11
- 12
- 13
- 14
- 15
- 16
- 32

sec.auth.remote.password.numCount

The minimum amount of numbers required for a valid password.

Off (default)

1

2

All

sec.auth.remote.password.rejectPrevPassword

The number of most recent passwords that cannot be reused. If set to "Off", all previous passwords are valid.

Off (default)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

sec.auth.remote.password.specialCharCount

The minimum number of special characters required for a valid password. Supported characters include: @ - _ ! ; \$, \ / & . # *

Off (default)

1

2

All

sec.auth.remote.password.uppercaseCount

The minimum number of uppercase letters required for a valid password.

Off (default)

1

2

All

sec.auth.snmp.password.canContainIdOrReverse

Specifies whether the associated ID or its reverse can be part of a password. If this setting is enabled and the ID is "admin", passwords "admin" and "nimda" are allowed.

False (default)

True

sec.auth.snmp.password.lowercaseCount

The minimum number of lowercase letters required for a valid password.

Off (default)

1

2

All

sec.auth.snmp.password.maxRepeatedChars

The maximum number of consecutive repeated characters in a password. For example, if set to "3", aaa123 is a valid password but aaaa123 is not.

Off (default)

1

2

3

4

sec.auth.snmp.password.minAge

The minimum number of days before the password can change.

Off (default)

1

5

10

15

20

30

sec.auth.snmp.password.minLength

The minimum number of characters required for a valid password.

8 (default)

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

32

sec.auth.snmp.password.numCount

The minimum amount of numbers required for a valid password.

Off (default)

1

2

All

sec.auth.snmp.password.rejectPrevPassword

The number of most recent passwords that cannot be reused. If set to "Off", all previous passwords are valid.

Off (default)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

sec.auth.snmp.password.specialCharCount

The minimum number of special characters required for a valid password. Supported characters include: @ - _ ! ; \$, \ / & . # *

Off (default)

1

2

All

sec.auth.snmp.password.uppercaseCount

The minimum number of uppercase letters required for a valid password.

Off (default)

1

2

All

sec.access.room.secCode.enable

Enable or disable the security code required for connecting to the system and sharing content.

True (default)

False

sec.serialPort.login.mode

Specifies the credentials necessary for a control system to connect to the RS-232 port:

adminpassword (default) - Requires the administrator password, if one has been set, when the control system connects.

usernamepassword - Requires the username and administrator password, if one has been set, when the control system connects.

none - No username or password is required when the control system connects.

Note: To successfully use this parameter, set device.serial.mode="Control".

Serial Port Hardware

Topics:

- [Serial Port Hardware Parameters](#)

This section describes available configuration parameters for your system's serial port. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

Serial Port Hardware Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure serial port settings on your system.

device.serial.mode

Specifies the mode used for the RS-232 serial port.

Control (default) - Receives control signals from a touch-panel control. Allows any device connected to the RS-232 port to control the system using API commands.

Off - Disables the serial port.

device.serial.baud

Set this to the same value configured on the serial device.

9600 (default)

19200

38400

57600

115200

device.serial.flowControl

Specifies if you want to use hardware flow control between the connected device and your system.

none (default)

hardware

device.serial.parity

Set this to the same value configured on the serial device.

none (default)

even

odd

device.serial.stopBits

Set this to the same value configured on the serial device.

1 (default)

2

Software Update

Topics:

- [Software Update Parameters](#)

This section describes available software update configuration parameters for your system. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

When you update your system, you also update some of its paired devices (if those devices have a new version available). Depending on your setup, these devices might include:

- Poly TC8 device
- Poly IP Table Microphone
- Poly IP Ceiling Microphone
- Poly Microphone IP Adapter
- Poly EagleEye Cube USB camera

Software Update Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure software update settings on your system.

upgrade.auto.enable

Controls whether the software of your system and its connected peripheral devices automatically updates.

False (Teams and Zoom default)

True (All other conferencing providers default)

upgrade.auto.timeFrame.enable

If you've configured automatic software updates (`upgrade.auto.enable="True"`), you can restrict those updates to occur only during a maintenance window.

If set to "True", make sure you also configure `upgrade.auto.timeFrame.startTime` and `upgrade.auto.timeFrame.stopTime`.

False (Teams and Zoom default)

True (All other conferencing providers default)

upgrade.auto.timeFrame.startTime

Specifies when the maintenance window starts. Set a value using 24-hour clock format (HH:MM). For example, "23:30" is an acceptable value.

String

01:00 (default)

upgrade.auto.timeFrame.stopTime

Specifies when the maintenance window ends. Set a value using 24-hour clock format (HH:MM). For example, "05:30" is an acceptable value.

String

05:00 (default)

upgrade.auto.polling.interval

If you've configured automatic software updates (`upgrade.auto.enable="True"`), you can specify how often (in seconds) your system checks with RealPresence Resource Manager to see if there's a new update to download. The default value "3600" means your system checks for updates once every hour.

Doing either of the following turns this feature off:

Disable provisioning (you can do this only in the system web interface).

Enable an automatic update maintenance window by setting `upgrade.auto.timeFrame.enable="True"`. (The maintenance window takes priority over automatic polling.)

Integer > 300

3600 (default)

System Display

Topics:

- [System Display Parameters](#)

This section describes available configuration parameters for display settings (for example, system name and time zone). Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

System Display Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure display settings on your system.

device.local.autoDaylightSavings.enable

When enabled, the system clock automatically adjusts for daylight saving time.

True (default)

False

device.local.datetime.date.format

Specifies how the date displays.

mm_dd_yyyy (default)

dd_mm_yyyy

yyyy_mm_dd

device.local.datetime.time.24HourClock

Specifies how the time displays (12- or 24-hour format).

12_Hour (default)

24_Hour

device.local.deviceMode.enable

Enables device mode on your system.

True (default)

False

device.local.deviceName

Specifies the system name.

String (1-40)

`${device_name}` - RealPresence Resource Manager accepts this value to automatically configure the parameter.

device.local.roomName

Specifies the room name.

String (1-40)

device.local.ntpServer.address.1

Specifies the address of the primary time server your system uses.

Set this if device.local.ntpServer.mode="Manual".

String (0-255)

device.local.ntpServer.address.2

Specifies the address of the time server your system uses when the primary time server fails.

You can optionally set this if device.local.ntpServer.mode="Manual".

String (0-255)

device.local.ntpServer.mode

Specifies if you want to automatically or manually configure the system to use a time server.

Auto (default) - Your system tries to automatically connect with a time server.

Manual - Set device.local.ntpServer.address.1 and optionally device.local.ntpServer.address.2.

Off - Set the current date and time in the system web interface.

device.local.timezone

Specifies the time difference between GMT and your location.

CST6CDT (default)

Etc/GMT+12

Pacific/Midway

Pacific/Honolulu

America/Adak

America/Anchorag

Pacific/Pitcairn

PST8PDT

BAJA

America/Phoenix

America/Mazatlan

MST7MDT

America/Guatemala

America/Monterrey

America/Regina

America/Lima

EST5EDT

America/Indianapolis

Canada/Atlantic

America/La//Paz

America/Caracas

America/Santiago

Canada/Newfoundland

America/Sao//Paulo

America/Cordoba

America/Godthab

America/Noronha

Atlantic/Azores

Atlantic/Cape//Verde

Etc/Greenwich

Africa/Casablanca

Europe/London

Europe/Amsterdam

Europe/Belgrade

Europe/Paris

Europe/Warsaw

Africa/Bangui

Europe/Athens

Europe/Bucharest

Europe/Sofia

Egypt

Europe/Tirane

Africa/Harare

Europe/Helsinki

Asia/Jerusalem

Asia/Baghdad

Asia/Kuwait

Europe/Moscow

Africa/Nairobi

Africa/Dar//es//Salaam

Iran

Asia/Muscat

Asia/Baku

Asia/Kabul
Indian/Kerguelen
Asia/Yekaterinburg
Asia/Karachi
Asia/Calcutta
Asia/Mumbai
Asia/Katmandu
Asia/Novosibirsk
Asia/Dhaka
Indian/Chagos
Asia/Colombo
Asia/Rangoon
Asia/Bangkok
Asia/Krasnoyarsk
Asia/Hong//Kong
Asia/Ulaanbaatar
Asia/Singapore
Australia/Perth
Asia/Taipei
Japan
Asia/Seoul
Asia/Yakutsk
Australia/Adelaide
Australia/Darwin
Australia/Brisbane
Australia/Sydney
Pacific/Guam
Australia/Hobart
Asia/Vladivostok
Asia/Magadan
Pacific/Auckland
Pacific/Fiji
Pacific/Tongatapu

Note: The Etc/GMT+12 value represents International Date Line West.

device.local.city

City where support is located.

String (0-64)

device.local.contact.country

Country where support is located.

String (0-64)

device.local.contact.email

Support email address.

String (0-64)

device.local.contact.fax

Support fax number.

String (0-64)

device.local.contact.organization

Name of organization where device is located.

String (0-64)

device.local.contact.person

Name of primary support contact.

String (0-64)

device.local.contact.phone

Phone number of primary support contact.

String (0-64)

device.local.contact.site

Site where device is located.

String (0-64)

device.local.contact.state

State where support is located.

String (0-64)

device.local.contact.techSupport

Additional support contact.

String (0-64)

device.local.country

Country where your system is located.

Not set (default)

Afghanistan

Albania

Algeria

American Samoa

Andorra

Angola

Anguilla

Antarctica

Antigua

Argentina

Armenia

Aruba

Ascension Islands

Australia

Australian Ext. Territories

Austria

Azerbaijan

Bahamas

Bahrain

Bangladesh

Barbados

Barbuda

Belarus

Belgium

Belize

Benin Republic

Bermuda

Bhutan

Bolivia

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Botswana

Brazil

British Virgin Islands

British Indian Ocean Territory

Brunei
Bulgaria
Burkina Faso
Burma (Myanmar)
Burundi
Cambodia
Cameroon United Republic
Canada
Cape Verde Island
Cayman Islands
Central African Republic
Chad Republic
Chile
China
Christmas Island
Cocos Islands
Colombia
Comoros
Congo
Congo Democratic Republic
Cook Islands
Costa Rica
Croatia
Cuba
Curacao
Cyprus
Czech Republic
Denmark
Diego Garcia
Djibouti
Dominica
Dominican Republic
Easter Island
East Timor
Ecuador
Egypt
El Salvador

Equatorial Guinea
Eritrea
Estonia
Ethiopia
Faeroe Islands
Falkland Islands
Fiji Islands
Finland
France
French Antilles
French Guiana
French Polynesia
French Southern and Antactic Lands
Gabon
Gambia
Georgia
Germany
Ghana
Gibraltar
Greece
Greenland
Grenada
Guadeloupe
Guam
Guantanamo Bay
Guatemala
Guinea
Guernsey
Guinea-Bissau
Guyana
Haiti
Honduras
Hong Kong
Hungary
Iceland
India
Indonesia

Inmarsat (Atlantic Ocen West)

Inmarsat (Atlantic Ocen East)

Inmarsat (Indian Ocean)

Inmarsat (Pacific Ocean)

Inmarsat (SNAC)

Iran

Iraq

Ireland

Israel

Italy

Ivory Coast

Jamaica

Japan

Jersey

Jordan

Kazakhstan

Kenya

Kiribati

Korea North

Korea South

Kosovo

Kuwait

Kyrgyzstan

Laos

Latvia

Lebanon

Lesotho

Liberia

Libya

Liechtenstein

Lithuania

Luxembourg

Macao

Macedonia

Madagascar

Malawi

Malaysia

Maldives
Mali
Malta
Man, Isle of
Mariana Islands
Marshall Islands
Martinique
Mauritania
Mauritius
Mayotte Island
Mexico
Micronesia
Midway Island
Moldova
Monaco
Mongolia
Montenegro
Montserrat
Morocco
Mozambique
Myanmar (Burma)
Namibia
Nauru
Nepal
Netherlands
Netherlands Antillies
Nevis
New Caledonia
New Zealand
Nicaragua
Niger
Nigeria
Niue
Norfolk Island
Norway
Oman
Pakistan

Palau
Palestine
Panama
Papua New Guinea
Paraguay
Peru
Philippines
Pitcairn
Poland
Portugal
Puerto Rico
Qatar
Reunion Island
Romania
Russia
Rwanda
St Helena
St Kitts
St Lucia
St Pierre and Miquelon
St Vincent
San Marino
Sao Tome and Principe
Saudi Arabia
Senegal
Serbia
Seychelles
Sierra Leone
Singapore
Slovakia
Slovenia
Solomon Islands
Somalia Republic
South Africa
Spain
Sri Lanka
Sudan

Suriname
Swaziland
Sweden
Switzerland
Syria
Taiwan
Tajikistan
Tanzania
Thailand
Togo
Tonga
Trinidad and Tobago
Tunisia
Turkey
Turkmenistan
Turks and Caicos
Tuvalu
Uganda
Ukraine
United Arab Emirates
United Kingdom
United States
Uruguay
US Minor Outlying Islands
US Virgin Islands
Uzbekistan
Vanuatu
Vatican City
Venezuela
Vietnam
Wake Island
Wallis And Futuna Islands
Western Samoa
Yemen
Zambia
Zanzibar
Zimbabwe

device.local.language

Sets the language displayed on the system.

ENGLISHUS (default)

ARABIC

ENGLISHUK

GERMAN

SPANISH

FRENCH

ITALIAN

JAPANESE

KOREAN

HUNGARIAN

NORWEGIAN

POLISH

PORTUGUESE

RUSSIAN

CHINESE

CHINESET

device.local.roomName

Specifies the room where your system resides.

The room name displays on the screens of call participants.

String (1-40)

G7500 (default)

device.remoteControl.audioConfirm

Specifies whether to play a voice confirmation of numbers selected with the remote control or keypad.

True (default)

False

device.remoteControl.numKeypadInCall

Specifies whether pressing number buttons on the remote control or keypad moves the camera to presets or generates touch tones (DTMF tones).

If set to "Presets", you can generate DTMF tones by pressing the # key on the remote control while on a video screen.

Presets (default)

Tones

device.remoteControl.poundButtonFunction

Specifies the behavior of the # button on the remote control.

`pound_then_at` (default) - Pressing the # button once displays the hash symbol. Pressing the # button twice quickly displays the @ symbol.

`at_then_pound` - Pressing the # button once displays the @ symbol. Pressing the # button twice quickly displays the # symbol.

device.remoteControl.starButtonFunction

Specifies the behavior of the * button on the remote control.

`period_then_star` (default) - Pressing the * button once displays the * symbol. Pressing the * button twice quickly displays a period.

`star_then_period` - Pressing the * button once displays a period. Pressing the * button twice quickly displays the * symbol.

device.screenSaver.mode

Specifies if you want to display a black screen or no signal message when your system goes to sleep.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

NoSignal (default)

Black

device.sleepTimeout

Specifies how many minutes the device can be idle before it goes to sleep.

0 (default)

1

3

15

30

45

60

120

240

480

homeScreen.addressBar.primary

Specifies the main element that displays on the home screen address bar.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Primary IP Address (default)

Guest Wi-Fi IP Address

SIP Address

H.323 Extension

None

homeScreen.addressBar.secondary

Specifies the secondary element that displays on the home screen address bar.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

SIP Address (default)

Primary IP Address

Guest Wi-Fi IP Address

H.323 Extension

None

homeScreen.backgroundImage

Specify a background image for the home screen.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

String

The image must have a 16:9 resolution between 1280x720 and 3840x2160 (Poly recommends 1920x1080, 2560x1440, or 3840x2160). JPEG and PNG formats with a file size of less than 10 MB are supported.

If the image requirements (resolution, format, and size) are not met, provisioning of this parameter fails.

The path to the image must be absolute; relative paths do not work.

Note: Setting this parameter with an empty string applies the default background image.

homeScreen.topWidgetType

Determines if meeting information or favorite contacts display on the local interface home screen. You also can hide this information by setting "none".

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

calendar (default)

favorites

none

System Usage Data

Topics:

- [System Usage Data Parameter](#)

This section describes available configuration parameters for system usage data. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

System Usage Data Parameter

Use the following parameter to configure the system usage data collection setting.

`cloud.polycom.analytics.enable`

Specifies if you want your system to send usage data to Poly to help improve its products and services.

True (default)

False

For information about the data that Poly collects, see the system [Privacy Guide](#).

Video and Camera

Topics:

- [Provisioning Camera Parameters](#)
- [Video and Camera Parameters](#)

This section describes available video and camera configuration parameters. Included are permitted values and, if applicable, guidance for configuring related parameters.

Provisioning Camera Parameters

Using the `video.camera.[index].type` parameter, you can configure parameters differently for the following cameras supported by your system:

- Poly EagleEye Cube USB
- Polycom EagleEye IV 4x
- Polycom EagleEye IV 12x
- Polycom EagleEye Director II
- Polycom EagleEye Producer

The following examples show you how to configure cameras based on type.

Per-Camera Configuration Examples

Camera Type Configuration	Per-Camera Configuration
<code>video.camera.1.type=EagleEyeIV12x</code>	<code>video.camera.1.brightness="14"</code> <code>video.camera.1.backlightCompensation="True"</code>
<code>video.camera.2.type=EagleEyeDirectorII</code>	<code>video.camera.2.trackingMode="FrameSpeaker"</code> <code>video.camera.2.trackingSpeed="Normal"</code>

You also can configure common parameters that apply to all camera types.

Configure Common and Per-Camera Parameters

You can configure parameters that apply to all cameras along with parameters that apply only to a specific type of camera. The following example shows how you might configure a mix of common and per-camera parameters.

Procedure

1. Set some common configurations for any type of camera.

```
video.camera.backlightCompensation="False"
video.camera.brightness="13"
video.camera.sleepMode="Save Energy"
video.camera.groupViewSize="Medium"
```

2. Assign an index to a specific camera model for per-camera configurations.

```
video.camera.1.type="EagleEyeDirectorII"
```

3. Set a per-camera configuration.

```
video.camera.1.trackingMode="FrameSpeaker"
```

Video and Camera Parameters

Use the following parameters to configure video settings on your system.

Note: Remember that per-camera configurations override common camera configurations. For example, if you set `video.camera.[index].videoQuality` for a specific camera, the `video.camera.videoQuality` parameter is overridden.

video.layout.contentMirror

Specifies your content layout preference during an active call when using dual monitors.

False (default) - Content displays only on the secondary monitor.

True - Content displays on the primary and secondary monitors.

video.layout.selfviewPIP

Specifies your Self View layout preference during an active call when using dual monitors.

False (default) - Self View displays on the entire screen of the secondary monitor.

True - Self View displays in the corner of the secondary monitor.

video.monitor.1.display

Specifies how you want to configure the primary monitor.

auto (default) - The highest-supported resolution of the primary monitor is detected.

manual - Lets you set the monitor resolution with `video.monitor.1.resolution`.

video.monitor.1.resolution

Specifies the primary monitor resolution.

Monitor resolution is automatically configured if you set video.monitor.1.display="auto".

3840x2160p 25Hz

3840x2160p 30Hz

3840x2160p 50Hz

3840x2160p 60Hz

1920x1080p 50Hz

1920x1080p 60Hz (default)

video.monitor.2.display

Specifies how you want to configure the secondary monitor.

off - Disables the secondary monitor.

auto (default) - The highest-supported resolution of the secondary monitor is detected.

video.monitor.cec.enable

Enable or disable the system's Consumer Electronics Control (CEC) feature for HDMI-connected monitors that support the CEC protocol.

With CEC enabled, connected monitors switch to standby mode when the system goes to sleep. You can also wake monitors with your remote control.

False (default)

True

video.camera.[index].type

Choose a camera type that corresponds to [index], where [index] can be 1-4.

The value set for [index] in this parameter and related parameters determines the configuration settings for the camera type you specify.

For example, setting video.camera.1.type="EagleEyeDirectorII" gives you a reference index of 1 to configure your Polycom EagleEye Director II camera settings.

EagleEyeIV4x

EagleEyeIV12x

EagleEyeProducer

EagleEyeDirectorII

EagleEyeCubeUSB

video.camera.[index].backlightCompensation

Specifies if the camera automatically adjusts for a bright background. Backlight compensation is best used in situations where the subject appears darker than the background.

Use this to configure the camera type identified with the video.camera.[index].type parameter.

True

False (default)

video.camera.[index].brightness

Specifies how bright the video is.

Use this to configure the camera type identified with the video.camera.[index].type parameter.

11 (default)

Integer (0-21)

video.camera.[index].groupViewSize

Specifies the group framing size used by the EagleEye Cub USB, EagleEye Director II, or EagleEye Producer camera.

Use this to configure the camera type identified with the video.camera.[index].type parameter.

Medium (default) - Average-sized frame.

Wide - Most expansive frame.

Tight - Close-up frame.

video.camera.[index].name

Specifies a name for the camera.

Use this to configure the camera type identified with the video.camera.[index].type parameter.

String (0-32)

video.camera.[index].orientation

Specifies whether to invert the camera display for a Studio X30 system that's mounted below a monitor upside down.

Use this to configure the camera type identified with the video.camera.[index].type parameter.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Normal (default)

Inverted

video.camera.[index].roomViewPIP

When enabled, a Picture-in-Picture window displays showing a wide angle of the room in addition to the main window showing the primary speaker(s).

This parameter is supported when using a camera with tracking features, such as the EagleEye Director II.

True (default)

False

video.camera.[index].saturation

Specifies the intensity of the video color.

Use this to configure the camera type identified with the video.camera.[index].type parameter.

6 (default)

Integer (0-14)

video.camera.[index].sharpness

Adjusts the video's overall clarity.

Use this to configure the camera type identified with the video.camera.[index].type parameter.

11 (default)

Integer (1-11)

video.camera.[index].skinEnhancement

Enables or disables natural skin color enhancements for participants.

This parameter applies only to the EagleEye Cube USB camera.

True (default)

False

video.camera.[index].trackingMode

Specifies the tracking mode used by the EagleEye Cube USB, EagleEye Director II, EagleEye Producer, Studio X50, or Studio X30 camera.

Use this to configure the camera type identified with the video.camera.[index].type parameter.

FrameGroup (default) - The camera automatically locates and frames all the people in the room.

FrameSpeaker - This option behaves a little differently depending on your system. Note that when you mute your microphone, the camera tracking mode automatically switches to "FrameGroup".

- Studio X50 and Studio X30 systems: The camera includes everyone in the current conversation. For example:
 - The camera focuses on people actively talking to each other.
 - When someone is talking for a prolonged period of time, the camera assumes that this person is presenting and only focuses on them.
 - If there's a period in which no one has said anything or the far side is doing most of the talking, the camera frames everyone in the room.
- G7500 systems: The camera automatically locates and frames the active speaker. When someone else starts speaking, the camera switches to that person.

FrameGroupWithTransition - (EagleEye Producer camera only) The camera automatically locates and frames people in the room while displaying camera motion. For example, if someone enters the room, you might see the camera pan until that person is in view.

Off - Disables automatic tracking. All camera control must be handled manually.

video.camera.[index].videoQuality

Sharpness - Gives preference to resolution over frames per second. With this setting, moderate-to-heavy motion at low call rates can cause some frames to drop.

Motion - Gives preference to frames per second over resolution.

Use this to configure the camera type identified with the video.camera.[index].type parameter.

Sharpness (default)

Motion

video.camera.[index].whiteBalanceMode

Specifies how the camera compensates for light source variations in the room. Use this to configure the camera type identified with the video.camera.[index].type parameter.

Auto (default) - Setting this value is recommended for most situations. It calculates the best white balance setting based on lighting conditions in the room.

The following color temperatures are available with the EagleEye Director II camera (measured in Kelvin): 3200k, 3680k, 4160k, 5120k, and 5600k.

The following color temperatures are available with the EagleEye IV and EagleEye Producer cameras (measured in Kelvin): 2300k, 2856k, 3450k, 4230k, 5200k, and 6504k.

The following color temperatures are available with the EagleEye Cube USB camera (measured in Kelvin): 2300k, 2856k, 3200k, 3450k, 3680k, 4160k, 4230k, 4640k, 5120k, 5200k, 5600k, and 6504k.

The following color temperatures are available with the Studio X Family system cameras: incandescent, fluorescent, warm_fluorescent, daylight, cloudy_daylight, twilight, and shade.

Manual - Setting this value may be necessary for rooms where the "Auto" and fixed values don't provide acceptable color reproduction. Remember, however, you must manually white balance the camera. (This value is not supported by the EagleEye Cube USB or Studio X Family cameras.)

video.camera.[index].wideDynamicRange

Enables or disables re-exposure according to the framed area instead of full view.

This parameter applies only to the EagleEye Cube USB camera.

True (default)

False

video.camera.autoUpdate.enable

Enable or disable automatic software updates to your HDCI-connected Polycom camera.

If newer software than what the camera has is detected, the camera updates automatically when the system isn't in a call. (However, if during a call you connect a camera that isn't running the latest software, the call ends and the update starts.)

True

False (default)

video.camera.backlightCompensation

Specifies whether to have the camera automatically adjust for a bright background. Backlight compensation is best used in situations where the subject appears darker than the background.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

True

False (default)

video.camera.brightness

Specifies how bright the video is.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

11 (default)

Integer (0-21)

video.camera.digitalzoomfactor

Specifies the maximum digital zoom factor for the camera.

3x (default)

String (1x-5x)

video.camera.farControlNearCamera

Specifies whether the far site can pan, tilt, or zoom the near-site camera. When you enable this setting, a user at the far site can control the framing and angle of the camera for the best view of the near site. This is also called Far End Camera Control (FECC).

True (default)

False

video.camera.groupViewSize

Specifies the framing size used by the EagleEye Cube USB, EagleEye Director II, or EagleEye Producer camera.

Medium (default) - Average-sized frame.

Wide - Most expansive frame.

Tight - Close-up frame.

video.camera.name

Specifies a name for the camera.

String (0-32)

video.camera.orientation

Specifies whether to invert the camera display for a Studio X30 system that's mounted below a monitor upside down.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Normal (default)

Inverted

video.camera.powerFrequency

Specifies the power-line frequency for your system. In most cases, this should be the same as your display frequency.

Your system typically defaults to the correct power-line frequency based on the video standard used in the country where it's located. This parameter helps you adapt the system to areas

where the frequency doesn't match the video standard. You might also need to change this configuration to avoid flicker from fluorescent lights in the room.

60 (default)

50

video.camera.preset.snapshot.enable

Enables or disables the use of snapshot icons that represent camera presets.

To see a preset icon, you must enable this setting before configuring the preset.

True (default)

False

video.camera.roomViewPIP

When enabled, a Picture-in-Picture window displays showing a wide angle of the room in addition to the main window showing the primary speaker(s).

This parameter is supported only with G7500 systems using an EagleEye Director II camera.

True (default)

False

video.camera.saturation

Specifies the intensity of the video color.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

6 (default)

Integer (0-14)

video.camera.sharpness

Adjusts the video's overall clarity.

11 (default)

Integer (1-11)

video.camera.skinEnhancement

Enables or disables natural skin color enhancements for participants.

This parameter applies only to the EagleEye Cube USB camera.

True (default)

False

video.camera.sleepMode

Specifies a sleep mode for your camera.

Save Energy (default) - Puts the camera into standby mode to save power (the camera spins to the rear and faces down). Remember the following when setting this value in conjunction with device.screenSaver.mode:

When `device.screenSaver.mode="Black"`, it takes a few seconds for the camera to send an image.

When `device.screenSaver.mode="NoSignal"`, the camera is sending an image by the time the display synchronizes with the system.

Fast Wake Up - The camera provides an image as soon as the monitor wakes. While asleep, the camera faces forward. Remember the following when setting this value in conjunction with `device.screenSaver.mode`:

When `device.screenSaver.mode="Black"`, an image displays more quickly, but be aware that this uses maximum power.

When `device.screenSaver.mode="NoSignal"`, the display synchronizes with the system. This can take a few seconds but may conserve energy depending on the monitor.

video.camera.trackingMode

Specifies the tracking mode used by the EagleEye Cube USB, EagleEye Director II, EagleEye Producer, Studio X50, and Studio X30 camera.

FrameGroup (default) - The camera automatically locates and frames all the people in the room.

FrameSpeaker - This option behaves a little differently depending on your system. Note that when you mute your microphone, the camera tracking mode automatically switches to "FrameGroup".

- Studio X50 and Studio X30 systems: The camera includes everyone in the current conversation. For example:
 - The camera focuses on people actively talking to each other.
 - When someone is talking for a prolonged period of time, the camera assumes that this person is presenting and only focuses on them.
 - If there's a period in which no one has said anything or the far side is doing most of the talking, the camera frames everyone in the room.
- G7500 systems: The camera automatically locates and frames the active speaker. When someone else starts speaking, the camera switches to that person.

FrameGroupWithTransition - (EagleEye Producer camera only) The camera automatically locates and frames people in the room while displaying camera motion. For example, if someone enters the room, you might see the camera pan until that person is in view.

Off - Disables automatic tracking. All camera control must be handled manually.

video.camera.videoQuality

Specifies your camera video quality preference.

Sharpness (default) - Gives preference to resolution over frames per second. With this setting, moderate-to-heavy motion at low call rates can cause some frames to drop.

Motion - Gives preference to frames per second over resolution.

video.camera.whiteBalanceMode

Specifies how the camera compensates for light source variations in the room.

You can't provision this parameter if the system is in Partner Mode.

Auto (default) - Setting this value is recommended for most situations. It calculates the best white balance setting based on lighting conditions in the room.

The following color temperatures are available with the EagleEye Director II camera (measured in Kelvin): 3200k, 3680k, 4160k, 5120k, and 5600k.

The following color temperatures are available with the EagleEye IV and EagleEye Producer cameras (measured in Kelvin): 2300k, 2856k, 3450k, 4230k, 5200k, and 6504k.

The following color temperatures are available with the EagleEye Cube USB camera (measured in Kelvin): 2300k, 2856k, 3200k, 3450k, 3680k, 4160k, 4230k, 4640k, 5120k, 5200k, 5600k, and 6504k.

The following color temperatures are available with the Studio X Family system cameras: incandescent, fluorescent, warm_fluorescent, daylight, cloudy_daylight, twilight, and shade.

Manual - Setting this value may be necessary for rooms where the "Auto" and fixed values don't provide acceptable color reproduction. Remember, however, you must manually white balance the camera. (This value is not supported by the EagleEye Cube USB or Studio X Family cameras.)

video.camera.wideDynamicRange

Enables or disables re-exposure according to the framed area instead of full view.

This parameter applies only to the EagleEye Cube USB camera.

True (default)

False

video.content.name

Specifies a name for the device connected to your system using HDMI. This device is typically used to share content.

String (0-32)